

PIX4D

Geoweetsessie Pix4D



6 Juni 2024

Andries Bosma & Walter Jansz

Welkom

Walter Jansz



Andries Bosma



Agenda

- Introductie
- Wat voor vragen hebben jullie?
- RDNAPTRANS2018 in Pix4D
- Pix4D projecten combineren (Pix4DCatch – droneproject)
- Features in Pix4Dmatic & Pix4Dsurvey



Huidige Pix4D Line-Up

- Pix4Dmapper
- Pix4Dcloud
- Pix4Dsurvey
- Pix4Dfields
- Pix4Dmatic
- Pix4Dreact
- Pix4Dcatch
- Pix4Dcapture



PIX4D**mapper**



Pix4D**cloud**



Pix4D**survey**



Pix4D**fields**



Pix4D**matic**



Pix4D**react**



Pix4Dmapper

- Bedoeld om mbv. fotogrammetrie beelden tot een 3d model (puntenwolk etc.) te verwerken.



PIX4Dmapper



Pix4Dcloud



Pix4Dcloud

- Bedoeld om mbv. fotogrammetrie een 3d model van foto's te maken (puntenwolk etc.)
- Maar dan in het cloudplatform (grotendeels geautomatiseerd)

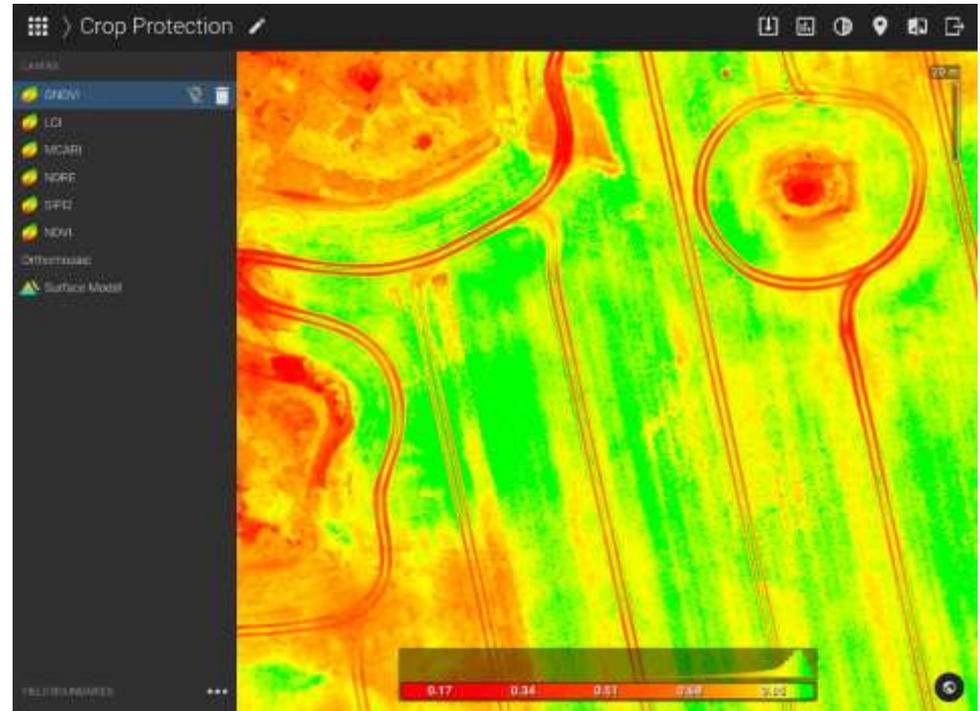




Pix4Dfields

Pix4Dfields

- Bedoeld om multispectrale beelden te verwerken tot index- en taakkaarten
- Gebruikt een andere manier van fotogrammetrie



Pix4Dmatic



- Bedoeld voor effectieve verwerking van grootschalige droneprojecten (bijv. BVLOS) tot 3d modellen.
- Ook snellere verwerking van andere projecten in vergelijking met Pix4DMapper



Pix4Dsurvey

- Bedoeld om in Pix4D project CAD tekeningen te maken
- Kan ook gebruik maken van puntenwolken uit o.a. een laserscanner



Pix4Dsurvey



Pix4Dreact

- Bedoeld voor het snel verwerken van een droneproject tot een orthofoto (orthomosaic)
- Toepassingen: hulpdiensten, noodhulp na natuurrampen



Pix4Dreact



Pix4Dcatch

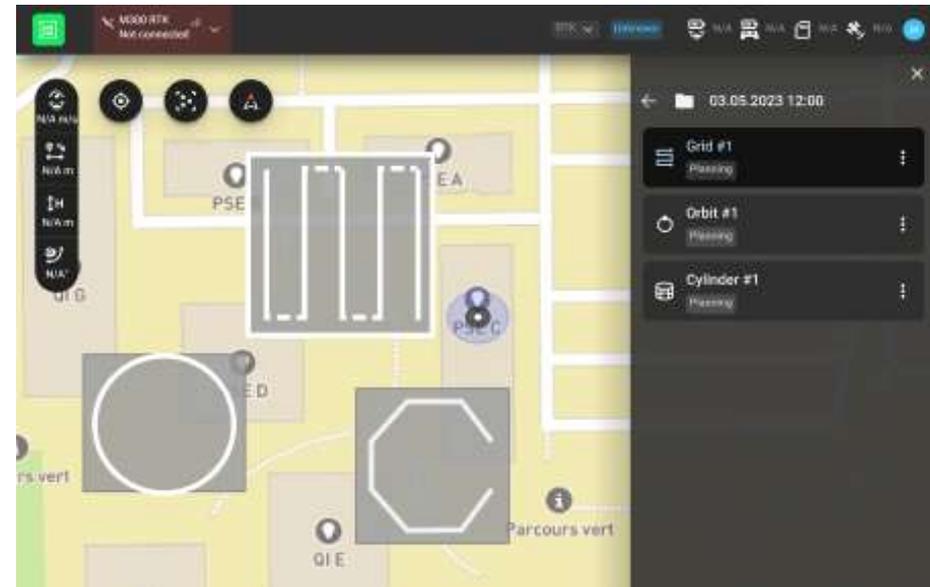
- App in IOS/Android om op een systematische manier foto's te nemen om tot een 3d model te verwerken in Pix4D
- Compatibel met Trimble Catalyst





Pix4Dcapture

- Missieplanningsapp
- Gratis en pro-versie
- Compatibel met diverse drones van DJI/Parrot
- Meer functionaliteiten indien je een geldige Pix4D licentie hebt
 - Vlieghoogte t.o.v. terrein aanpassen
 - RTK
 - Missie planner in Pix4DCloud

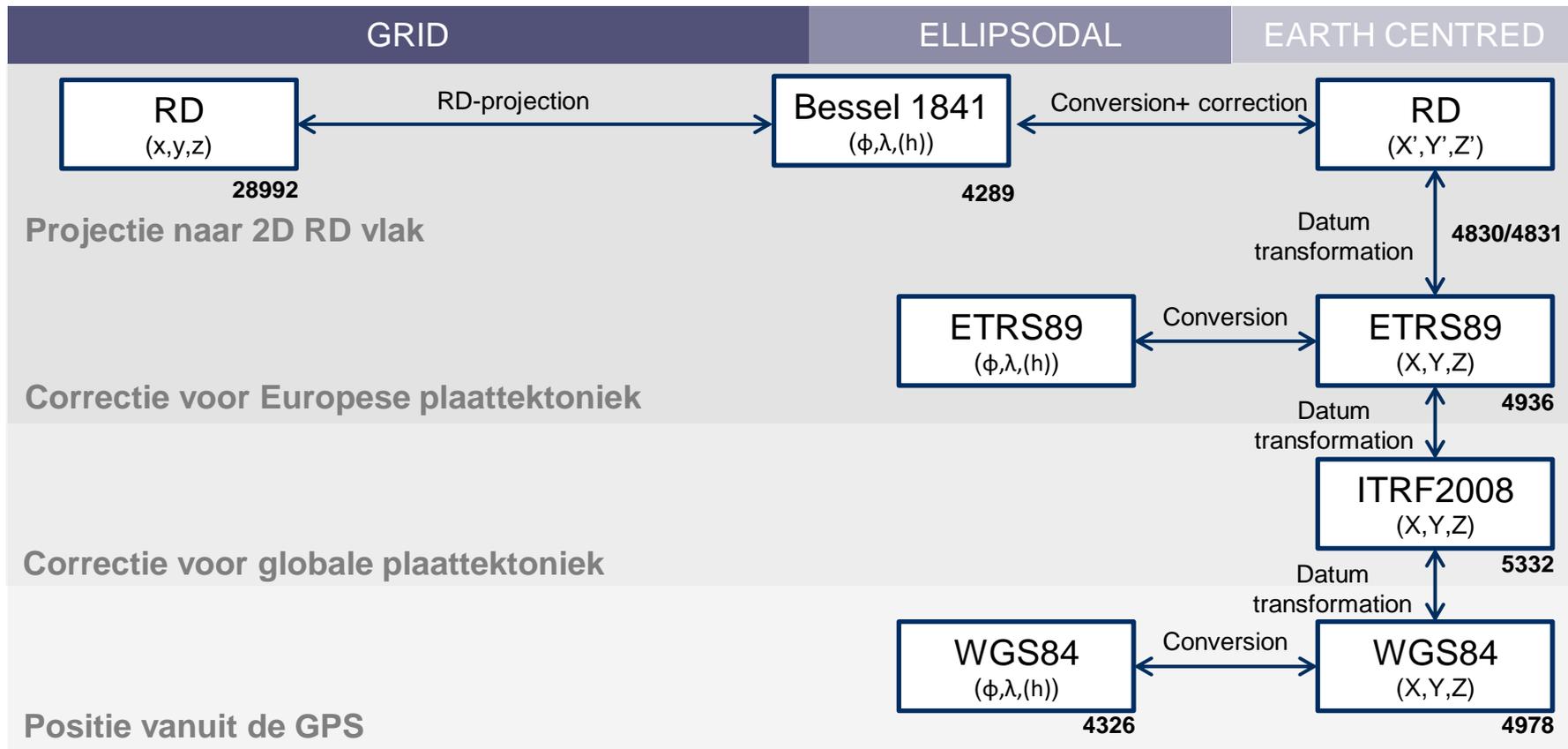


Discussie

- Welke Pix4D applicaties gebruikt iedereen?

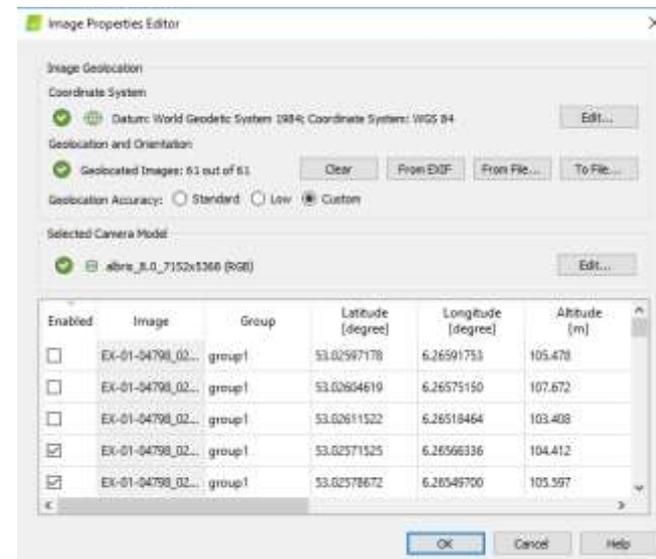


Van GPS coördinaten naar RD2018



Wat betekent dit voor Pix4D?

- In Pix4Dmapper gebeurt de transformatie naar Pseudo RD (geen gridcorrectie!)
 - Daarom gebruik van Ground Control Points met punten in RD2008- RD2018 ingemeten!
 - Wanneer je RTK drone gebruikt: gebruik van Ground Control Points of corrigeer de geotags mbv. software (bijv. Trimble Business Center).



Wat betekent dit voor Pix4D?

- In Pix4Dmatic
 - NAP hoogte kan gebruikt worden

Select the GCP coordinate reference system (CRS)* ✕

Known CRS
 Arbitrary CRS m ▾
 Import CRS file 📄

Horizontal coordinate reference system [m]

 Amersfoort / RD New - EPSG:28992
✕

Vertical coordinate reference system [m]

NAP height - EPSG:5709
✕

Geoid Geoid height ℹ

NLGEO2018
✕

*Project CRS is derived from the GCP CRS

Cancel

Apply

Wat betekent dit voor Pix4D?

- Pix4DCloud

New processing pipeline 

PIX4Dmapper compatibility

To import your outputs into PIX4Dmapper, please check the box. By selecting this option, we will generate the files necessary for compatibility with PIX4Dmapper.

Please note that choosing this option will activate our legacy processing engine, which does not offer vertical coordinate systems and can result in longer processing times or lower-quality results.

Define the output coordinate reference system

Known CRS
 Import CRS File

Please select a horizontal and a vertical coordinate reference system

Horizontal coordinate reference system [m]

Vertical coordinate reference system [m]

Geoid model Geoid height

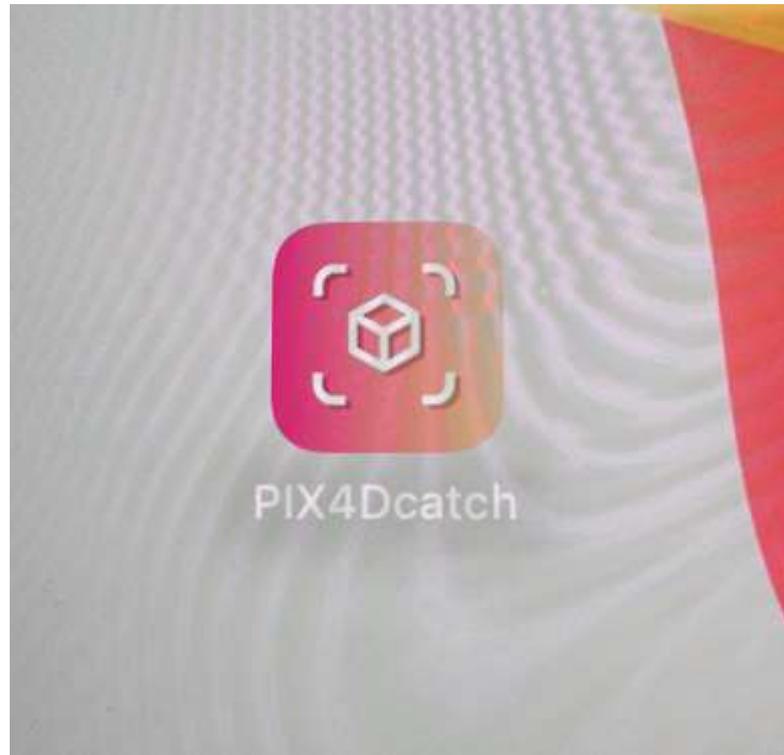
 

Discussie

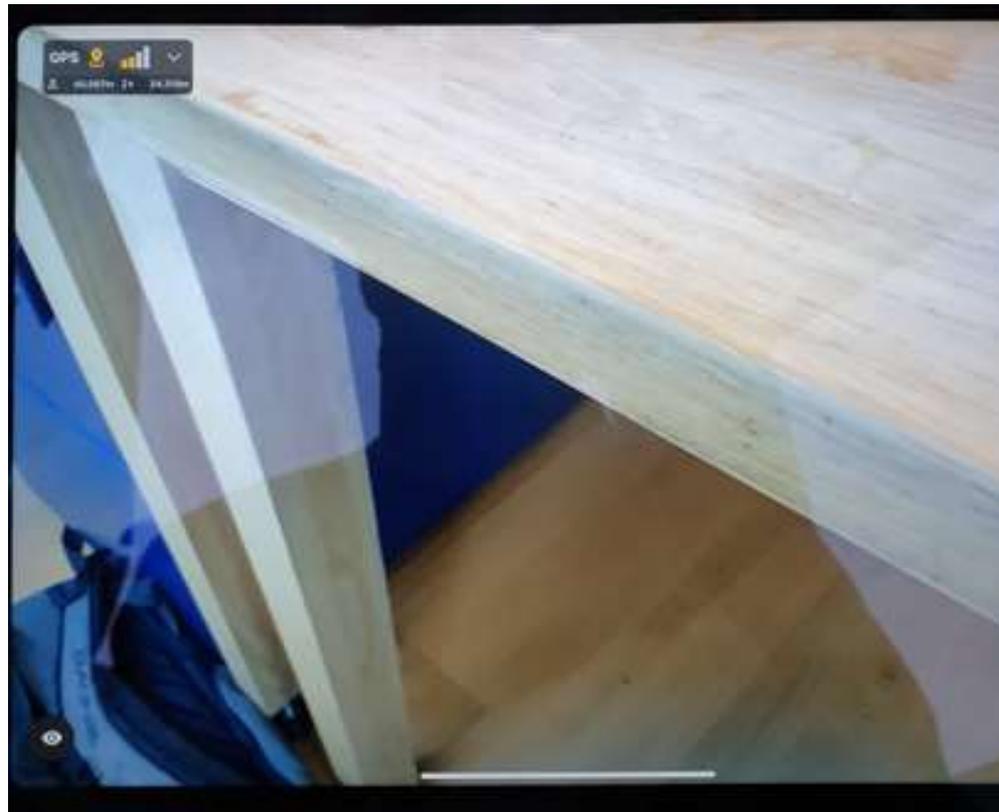
- Gebruik je de RDNAPTRANS2018 – 2008 nu in Pix4D? Of doe je alleen maar relatieve metingen?
- Gebruik je een RTK drone?



Inwinproces



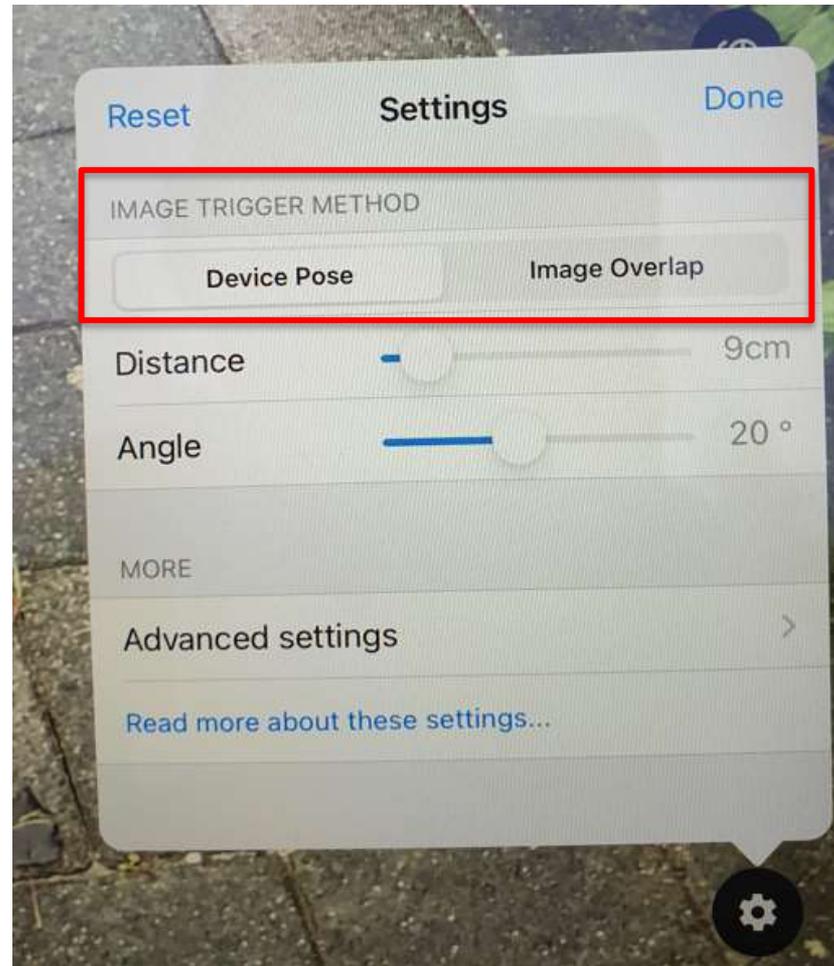
Inwinproces



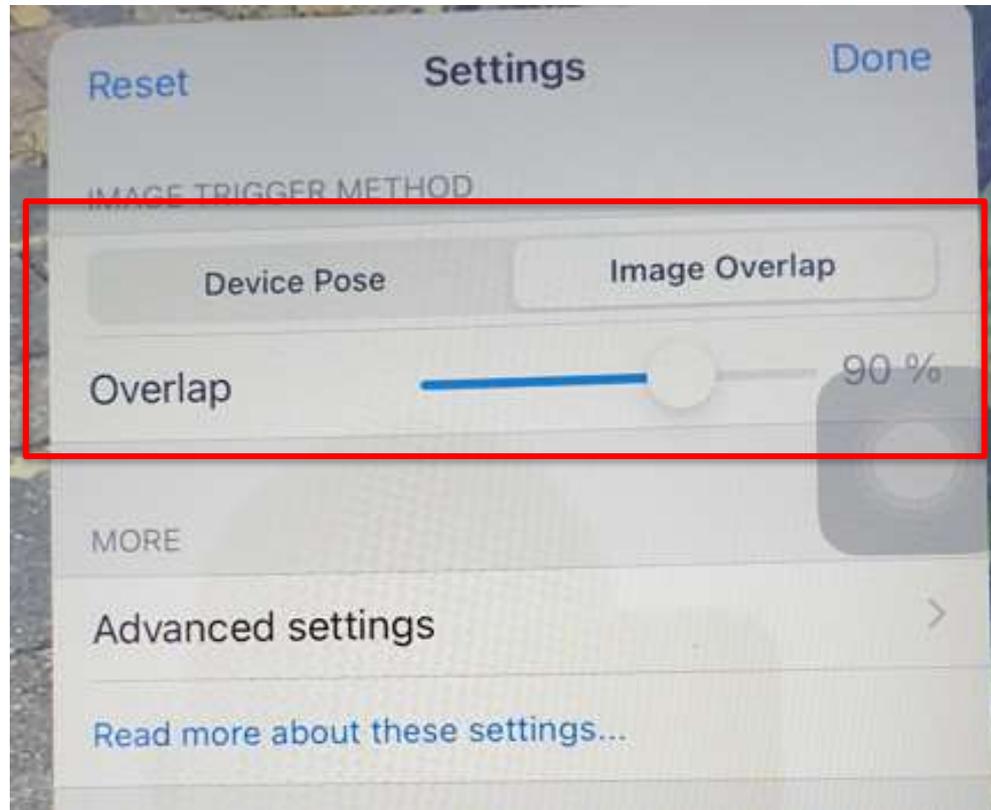
Inwinproces



Inwinproces

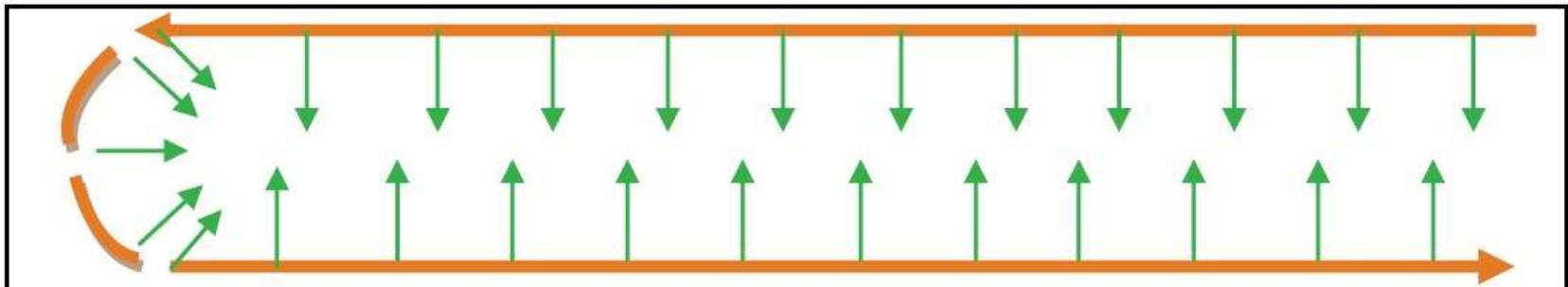


Inwinproces



Inwinproces

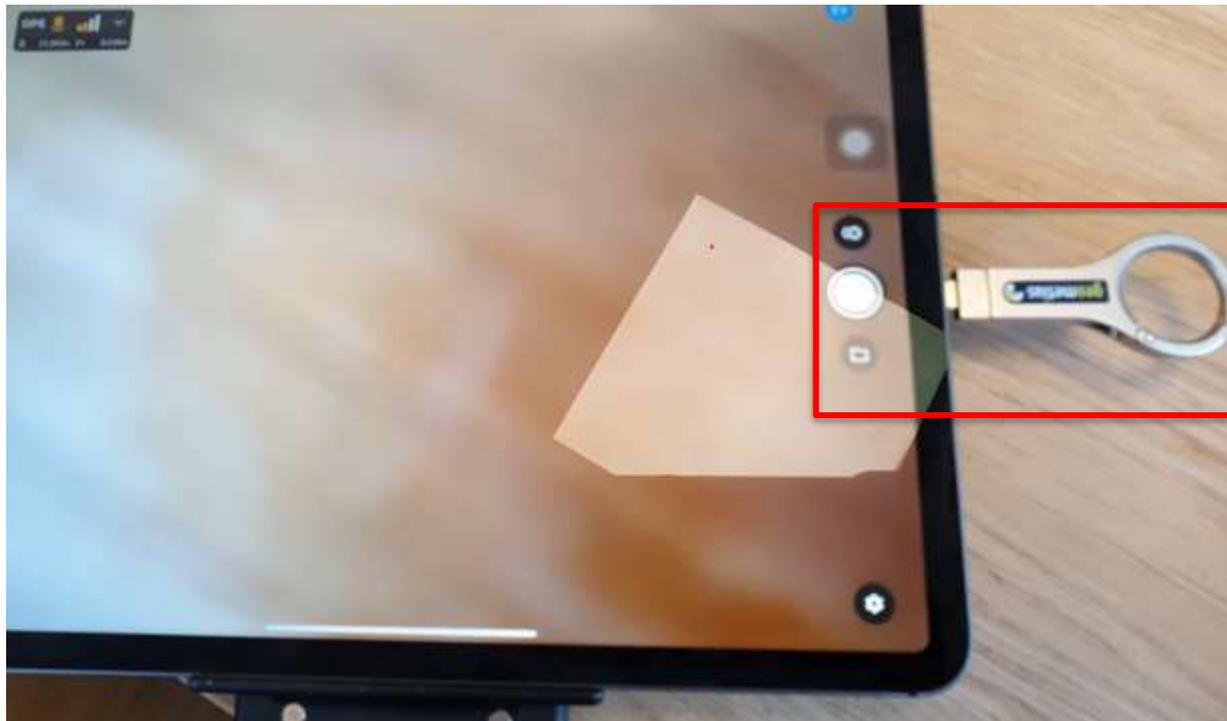
- Beste benadering:
 - Rug tegen de muur en foto's loodrecht de andere kant opmaken.



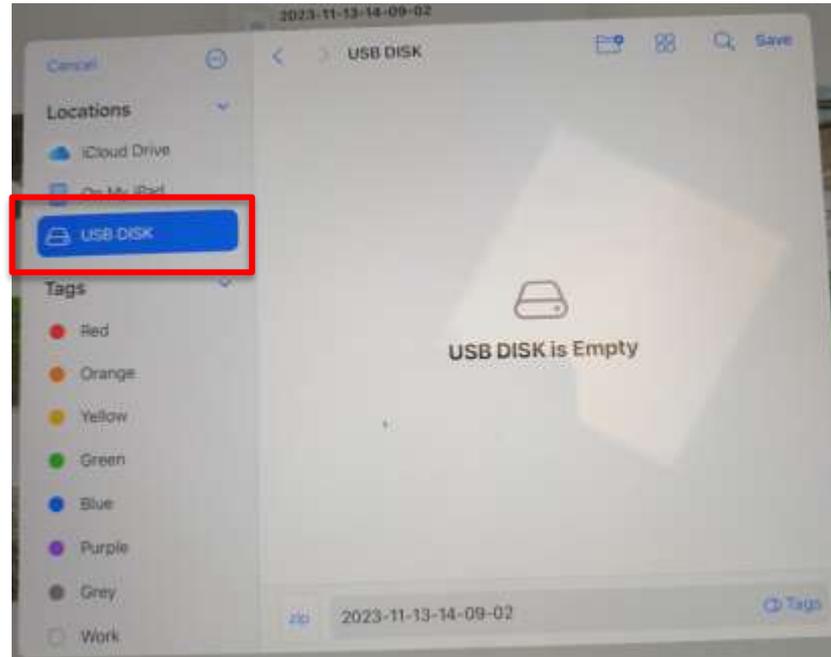
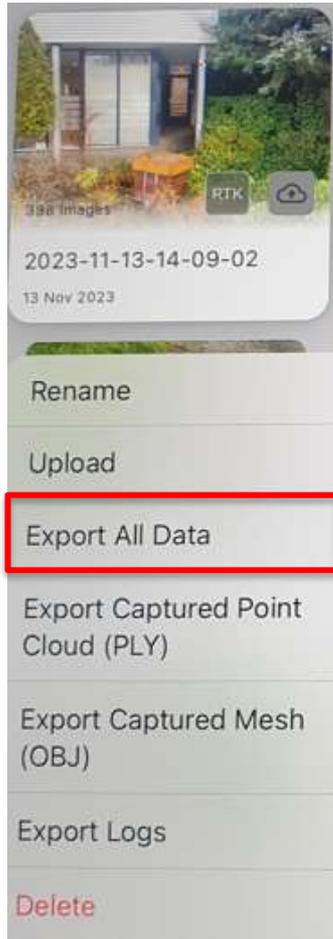
Legend:

-  Path of the Operator
-  Direction of Shooting
-  Wall of the Hallway

Data overbrengen



Data overbrengen



Data verwerken



Pix4D**matic**

Drone & terrestrische data combineren

Select a processing template

Nadir

Calibration

Template: Large scale and corridor

Pipeline: Scalable standard

Image scale: 1/1 1/2 1/4 1/8

Keypoints: Auto Custom 10000

Internals confidence: Low

Use depth maps Uses depth maps generated by PIX4Dcatch for a better calibration

Automatic ITPs Generates and matches structural line intersections between images

Select a processing template

PIX4Dcatch

Calibration

Template: PIX4Dcatch

Pipeline: Trusted locat...d orientation

Image scale: 1/1 1/2 1/4 1/8

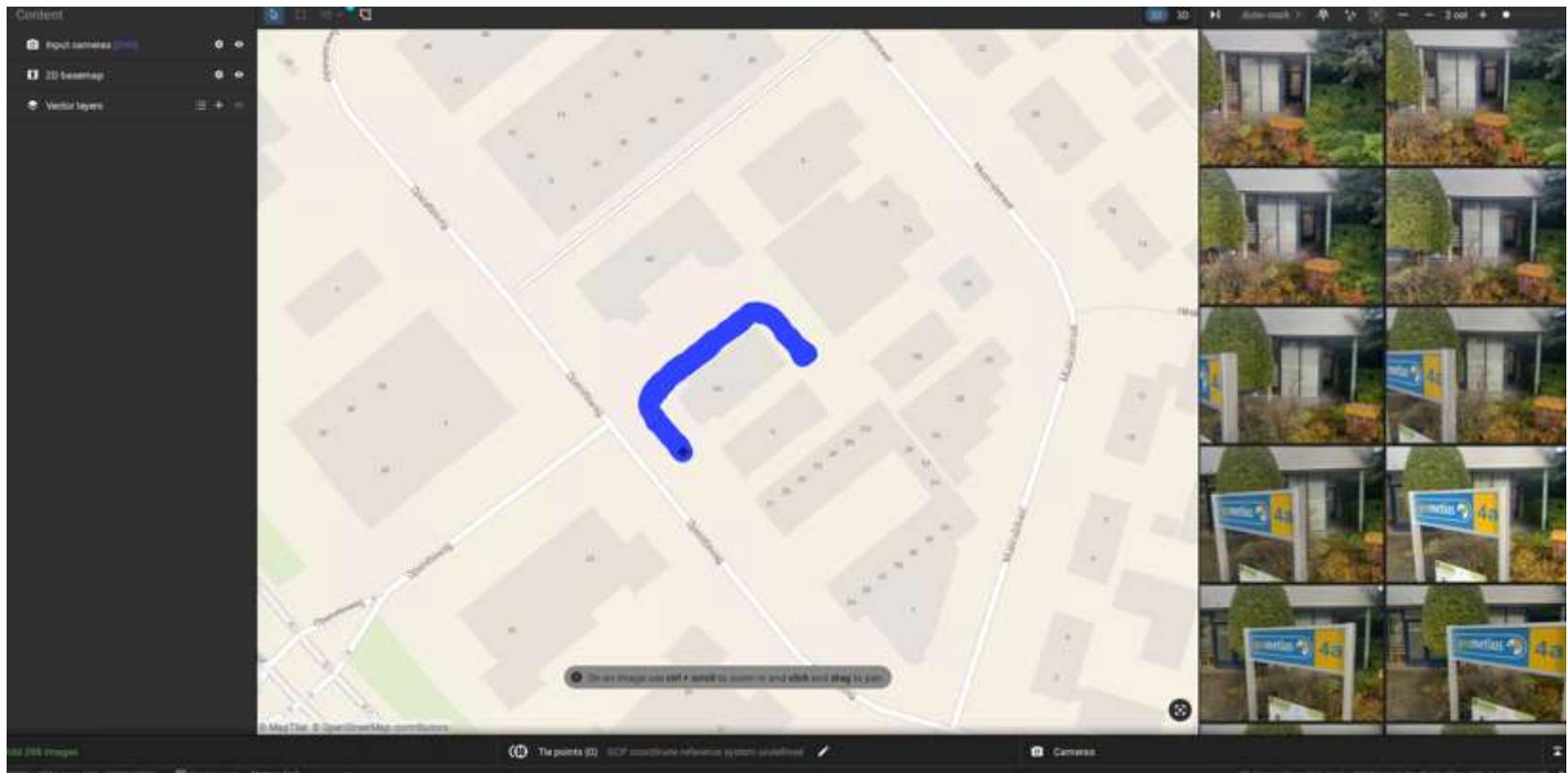
Keypoints: Auto Custom 10000

Internals confidence: Low

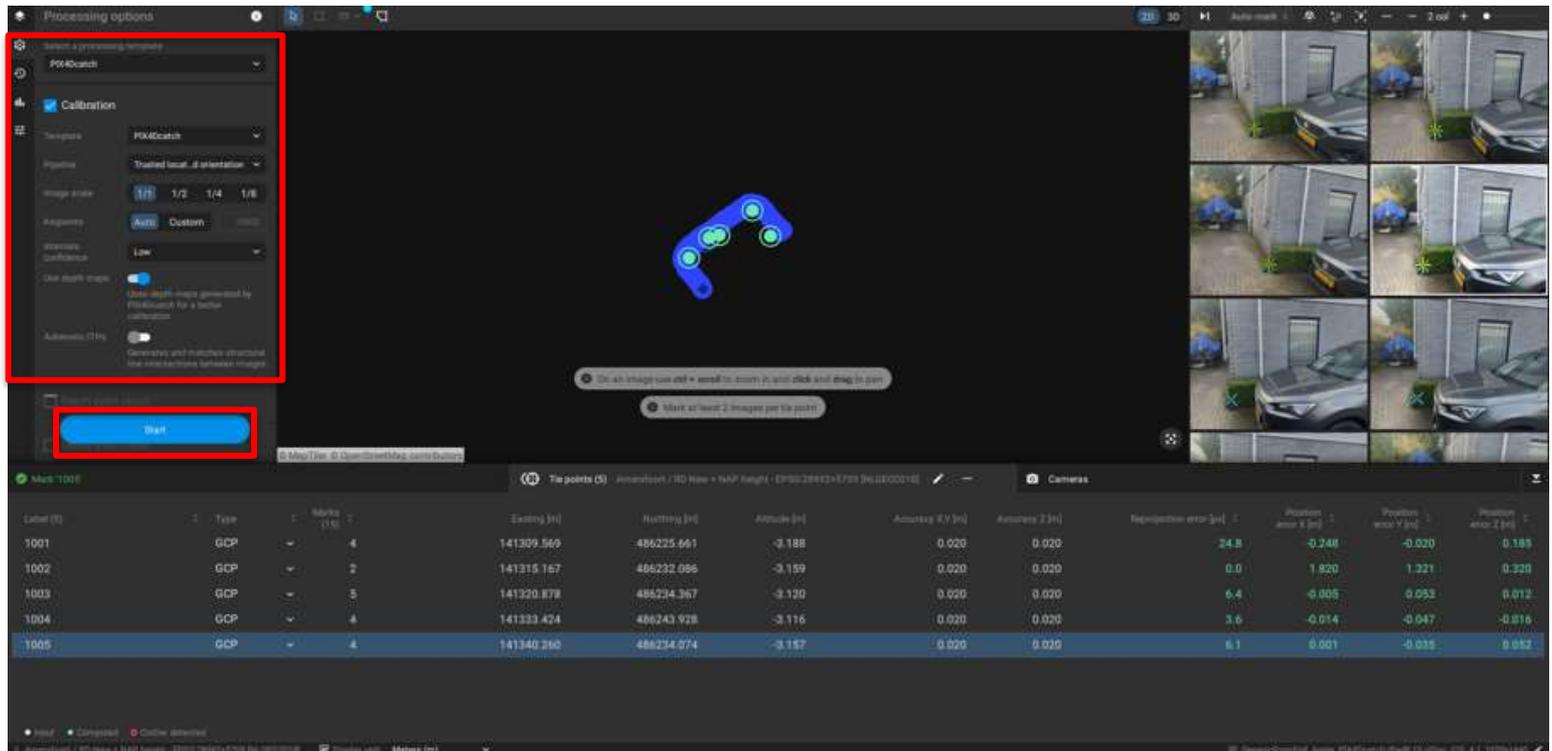
Use depth maps Uses depth maps generated by PIX4Dcatch for a better calibration

Automatic ITPs Generates and matches structural line intersections between images

Drone & terrestrische data combineren



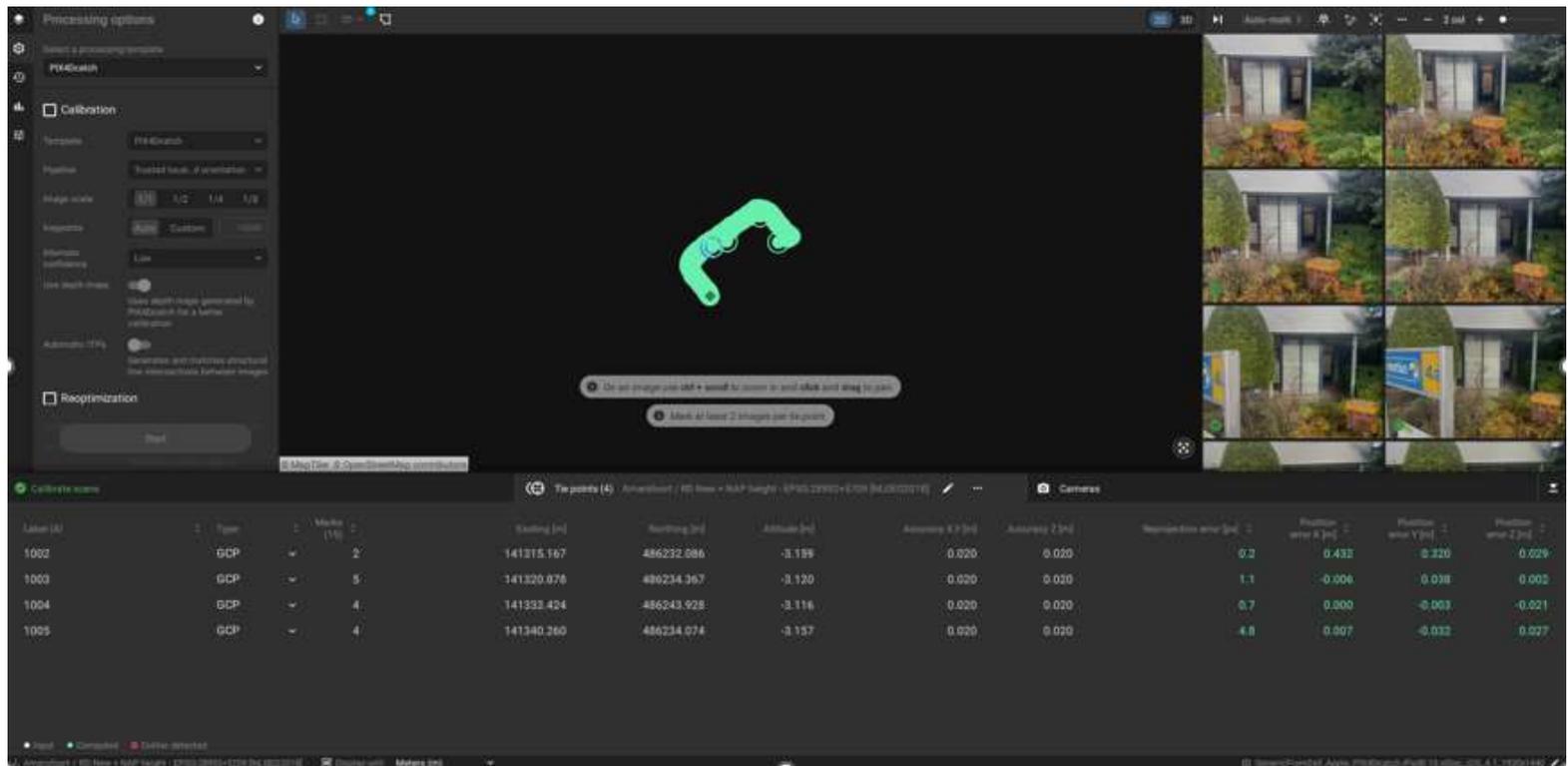
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



The screenshot displays the 'Processing options' window in Geometius. The 'Calibration' section is highlighted with a red box, showing settings for 'PX4catch' with 'Trained local .d orientation', 'Image scale' set to 1/8, 'Resamples' set to 'Auto', and 'Minimum confidence' set to 'Low'. A 'Start' button is also highlighted with a red box. The main interface shows a 3D view of a car with ground control points (GCPs) marked in blue and green. A grid of images on the right shows the car from different angles. Below the 3D view is a table of GCPs.

| Label (S) | Type | Markers (S) | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Altitude (m) | Accuracy X (m) | Accuracy Z (m) | Reprojection error (m) | Position error X (m) | Position error Y (m) | Position error Z (m) |
|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1001 | GCP | 4 | 141309.569 | 486225.661 | -3.188 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 24.8 | -0.248 | -0.020 | 0.189 |
| 1002 | GCP | 2 | 141315.167 | 486232.086 | -3.159 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.0 | 1.820 | 1.221 | 0.320 |
| 1003 | GCP | 5 | 141320.878 | 486234.367 | -3.120 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 6.4 | -0.005 | 0.053 | 0.012 |
| 1004 | GCP | 4 | 141333.424 | 486243.928 | -3.116 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.6 | -0.014 | -0.047 | -0.016 |
| 1005 | GCP | 4 | 141340.280 | 486234.074 | -3.187 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 6.1 | 0.001 | -0.038 | 0.032 |

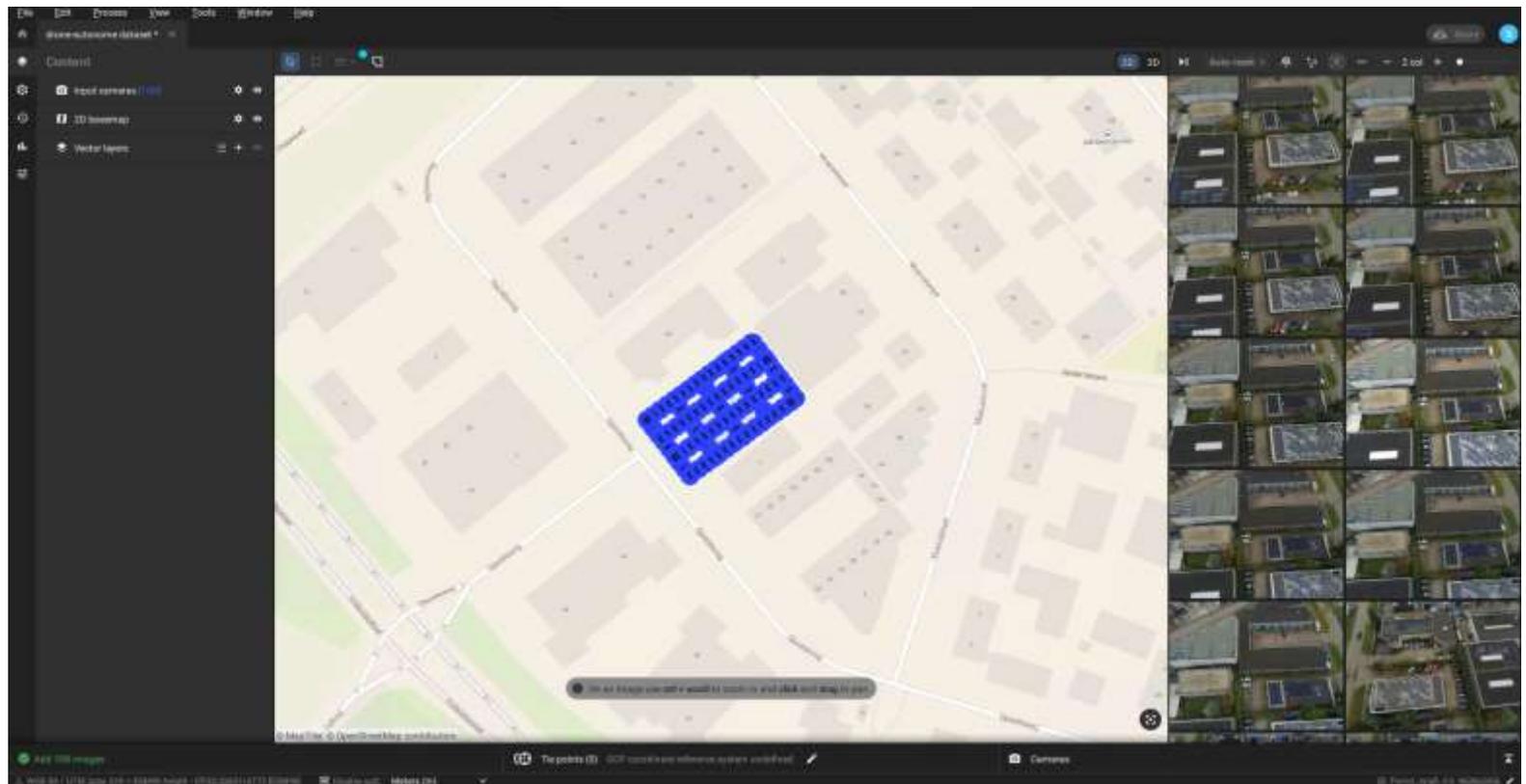
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



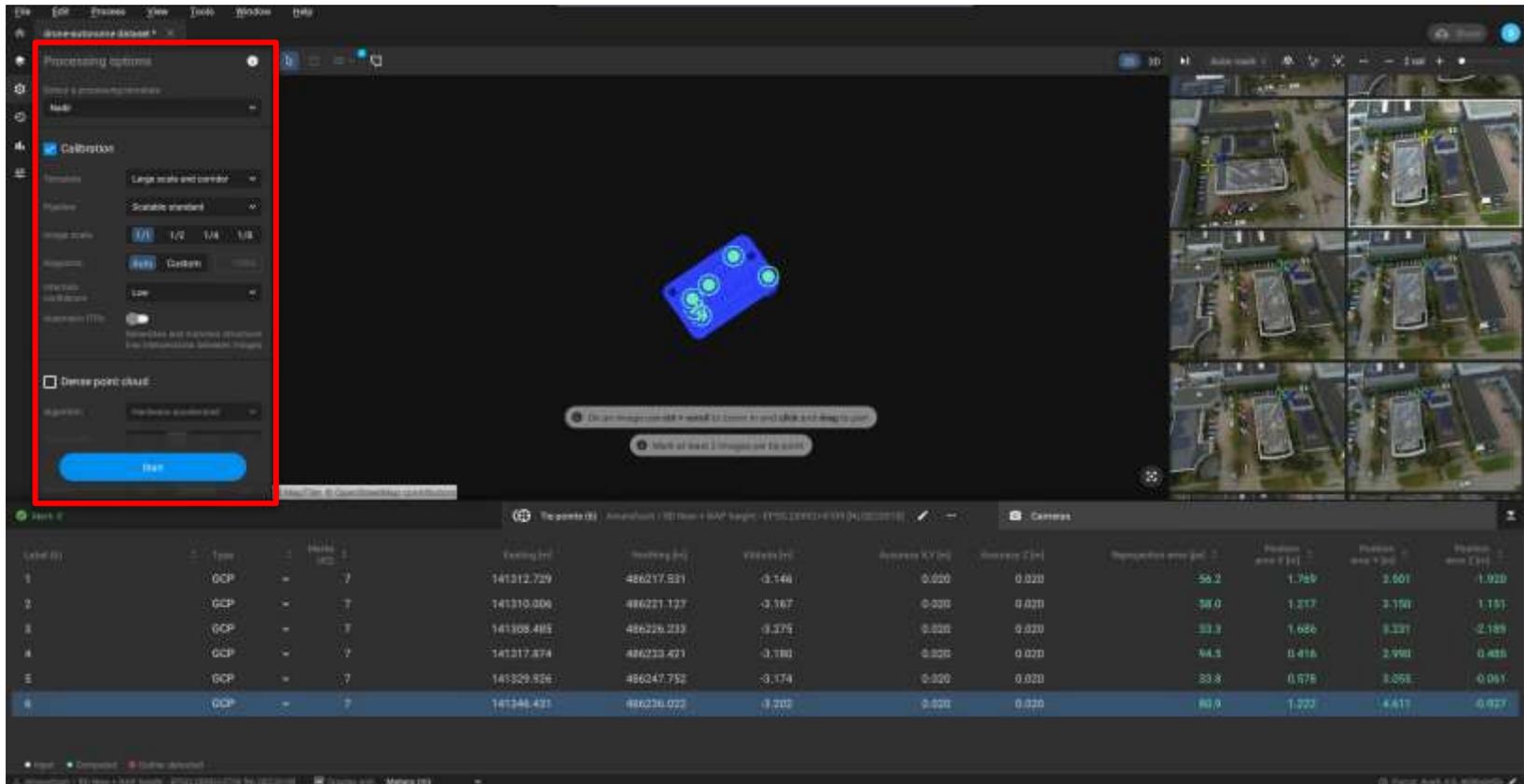
The screenshot displays the Geometius software interface. On the left, the 'Processing options' panel is visible, showing settings for 'PMAKrush', 'Calibration', 'Map mode', 'Resolution', 'Information', 'Use depth maps', and 'Reoptimization'. The central 3D view shows a green point cloud of a building structure. On the right, a grid of drone images is displayed. At the bottom, a 'Tie points (4)' table is shown, listing four points with their coordinates and accuracy values.

| Label ID | Type | Marker (1) | Order | Easting [m] | Northing [m] | Altitude [m] | Accuracy X Y [m] | Accuracy Z [m] | Reprojection error [m] | Position error X [m] | Position error Y [m] | Position error Z [m] |
|----------|------|------------|-------|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1002 | GCP | ✓ | 2 | 141315.167 | 486232.086 | -3.199 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.2 | 0.433 | 0.320 | 0.029 |
| 1003 | GCP | ✓ | 5 | 141320.976 | 486234.367 | -3.120 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 1.1 | -0.006 | 0.038 | 0.005 |
| 1004 | GCP | ✓ | 4 | 141333.424 | 486243.928 | -3.116 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.7 | 0.000 | -0.003 | -0.021 |
| 1005 | GCP | ✓ | 4 | 141340.260 | 486234.074 | -3.157 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 4.8 | 0.007 | -0.032 | 0.027 |

Drone & terrestrische data combineren



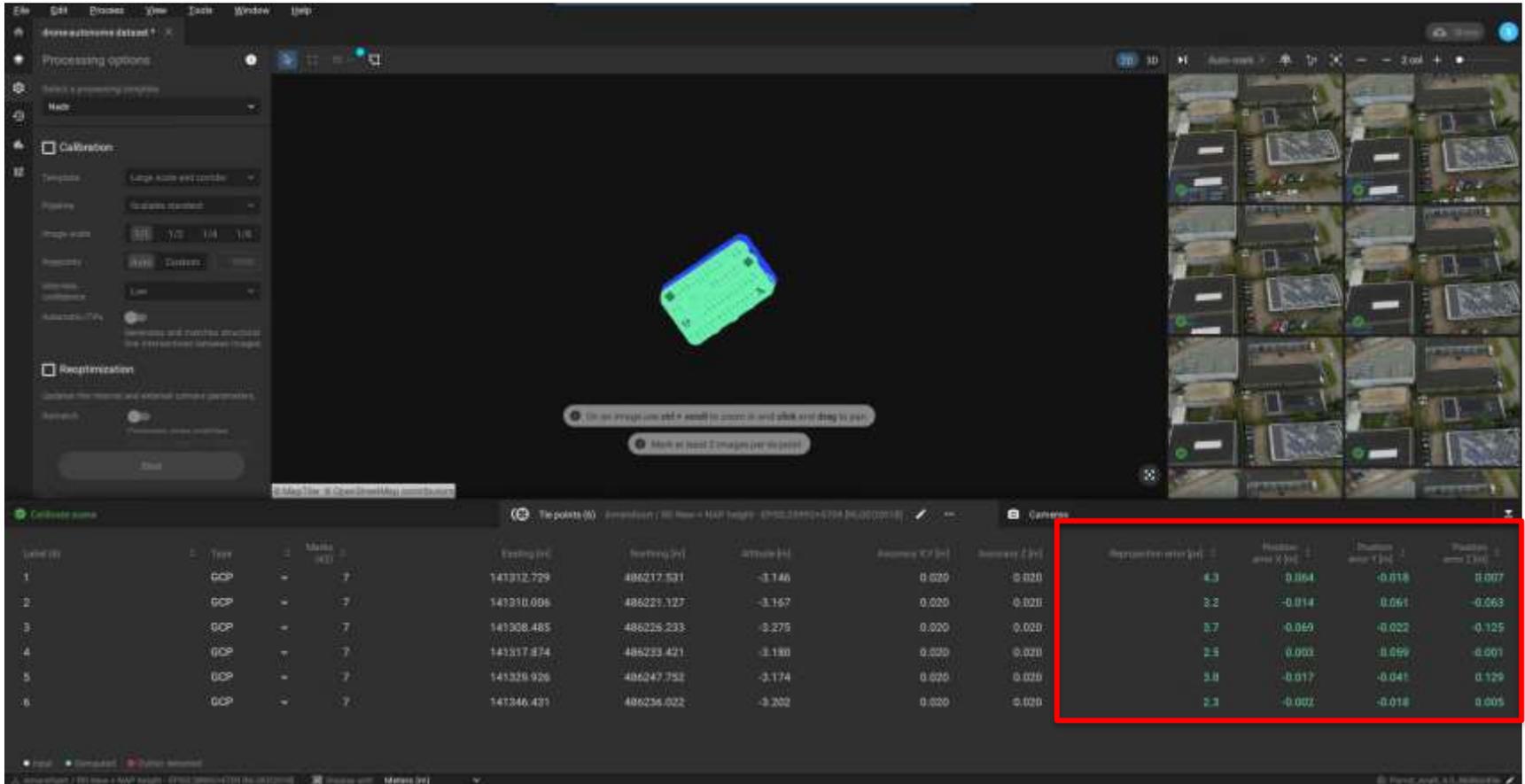
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



The screenshot displays the Geomatus software interface. On the left, a sidebar contains the 'Processing options' panel, which is highlighted with a red box. This panel includes settings for 'Scale & processing resolution', 'Map', 'Calibration' (with 'Large scale and coarse' selected), 'Maptype' (set to 'Scalable standard'), 'Image scale' (set to 1/1), 'Maptype' (set to 'Garden'), 'Maptype' (set to 'Low'), and 'Maximum FPS'. Below these options is a 'Dense point cloud' section and a 'Done' button. The main workspace shows a 3D view of a drone with a blue body and green lights, positioned over a 2D map of a building complex. A 3x3 grid of satellite images is visible on the right side of the workspace. At the bottom, a table displays flight data for six different flights (labeled 1 through 6).

| Label (E) | Type | Height (m) | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Altitude (m) | Accuracy XY (m) | Accuracy Z (m) | Transposition error (m) | Position error X (m) | Position error Y (m) | Position error Z (m) |
|-----------|------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | GCP | 7 | 141312.729 | 486217.531 | -0.146 | 0.020 | 0.020 | -58.2 | 1.769 | 3.601 | -1.920 |
| 2 | GCP | 7 | 141310.006 | 486221.127 | -3.167 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 38.0 | 1.217 | 3.150 | 1.181 |
| 3 | GCP | 7 | 141308.485 | 486226.239 | -0.275 | 0.020 | 0.020 | -33.3 | 1.686 | 3.237 | -2.189 |
| 4 | GCP | 7 | 141317.874 | 486233.421 | -0.780 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 64.5 | 0.416 | 2.990 | 0.488 |
| 5 | GCP | 7 | 141320.926 | 486247.752 | -3.174 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 33.8 | 0.578 | 3.058 | -0.061 |
| 6 | GCP | 7 | 141346.431 | 486236.022 | -0.202 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 80.9 | 1.203 | 4.617 | 0.927 |

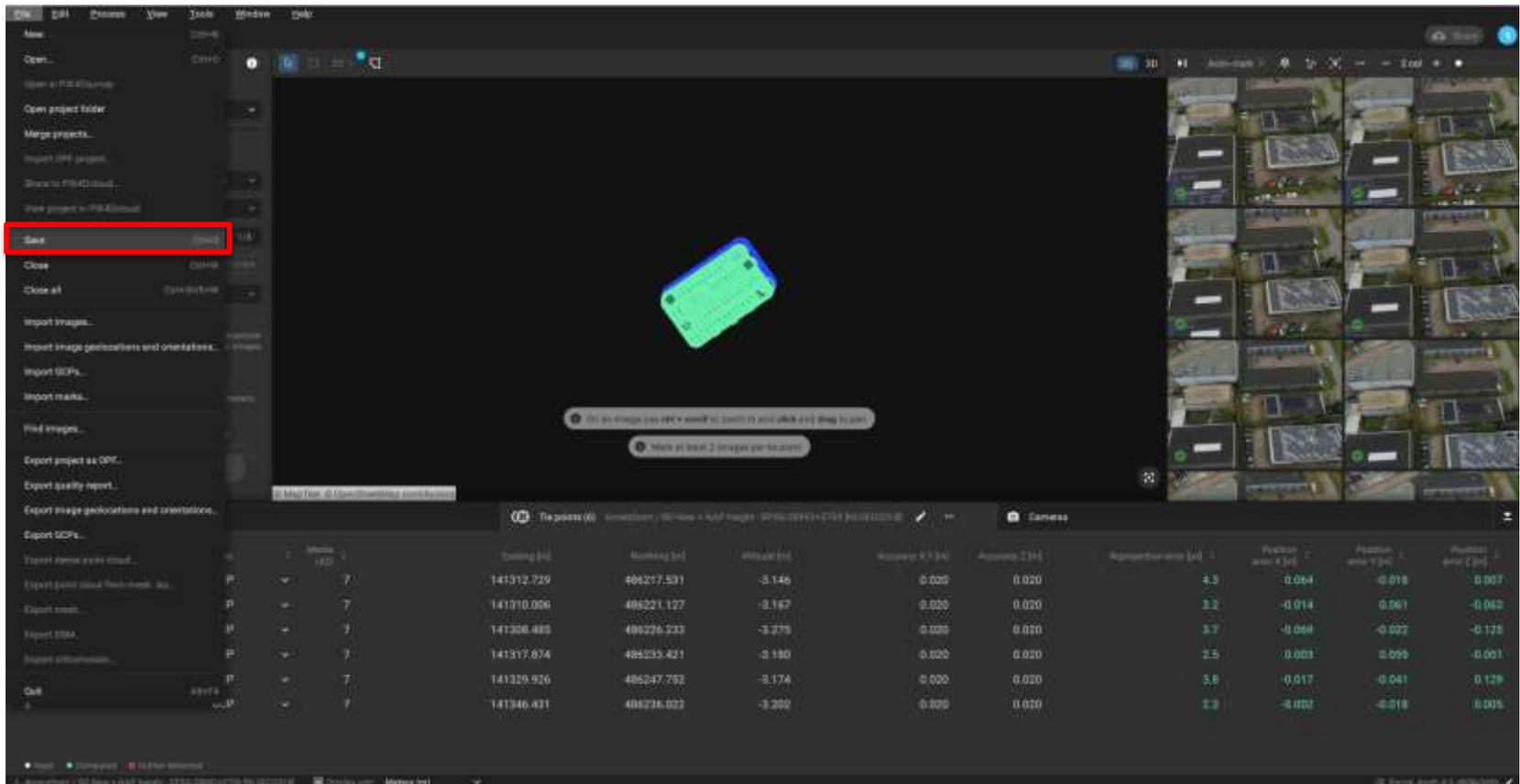
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



The screenshot displays the Geometius software interface for drone data processing. The top-left panel shows 'Processing options' with sections for 'Calibration' and 'Rectification'. The main 3D view shows a green drone model. On the right, a grid of drone images is visible. At the bottom, a 'Tie points (6)' table is shown, with a red box highlighting the registration and position error data for each point.

| Label (B) | Type | Marka (B) | Existing (m) | Starting (m) | Altitude (m) | Accuracy (GCP (m)) | Accuracy (L (m)) | Registration error (m) | Position error X (m) | Position error Y (m) | Position error Z (m) |
|-----------|------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | GCP | 7 | 141312.729 | 486217.521 | -3.146 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 4.3 | 0.064 | -0.018 | 0.007 |
| 2 | GCP | 7 | 141310.006 | 486223.127 | -3.167 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 2.2 | -0.014 | 0.061 | -0.063 |
| 3 | GCP | 7 | 141308.485 | 486226.233 | -3.275 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.7 | -0.069 | -0.022 | -0.125 |
| 4 | GCP | 7 | 141317.874 | 486233.421 | -3.180 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 2.5 | 0.003 | 0.059 | -0.001 |
| 5 | GCP | 7 | 141328.926 | 486247.752 | -3.174 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.8 | -0.017 | -0.041 | 0.129 |
| 6 | GCP | 7 | 141346.431 | 486236.022 | -3.202 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 2.3 | -0.002 | -0.018 | 0.005 |

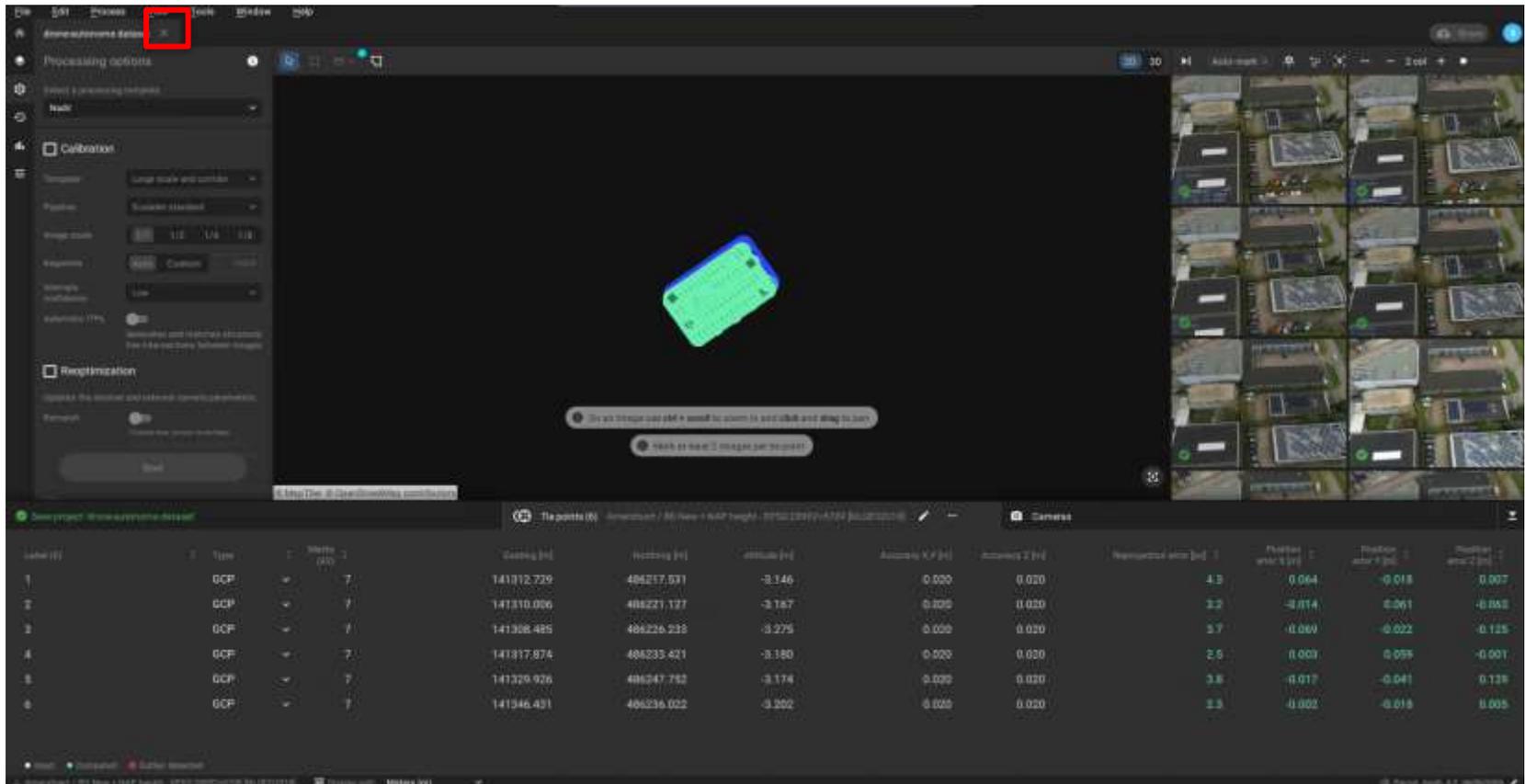
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



The screenshot shows the Geometius software interface. On the left, a sidebar contains various menu items, with the 'Save' button highlighted in red. The main workspace displays a 3D model of a drone in the center and a grid of drone images on the right. Below the 3D model, there are two instructional prompts: '1. On an image use the X arrow to point to and click and drag to pan' and '2. Make at least 2 images per location'. At the bottom, a table displays ground control points (GCPs) with their coordinates and positions.

| | Label | Color | Height [m] | Northing [m] | Easting [m] | Altitude [m] | Accuracy X [m] | Accuracy Y [m] | Approximate area [m ²] | Position error X [m] | Position error Y [m] | Position error Z [m] |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Export GCPs | P1 | 7 | 141312.729 | 486217.531 | -3.146 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 4.9 | 0.064 | -0.018 | 0.007 | |
| Export point cloud from mesh | P2 | 7 | 141310.006 | 486221.127 | -3.167 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.2 | -0.014 | 0.061 | -0.062 | |
| Export GCPs | P3 | 7 | 141306.483 | 486226.733 | -3.273 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.7 | -0.068 | -0.022 | -0.173 | |
| Export GCPs | P4 | 7 | 141317.874 | 486235.421 | -3.180 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 2.5 | 0.003 | 0.095 | -0.001 | |
| Export GCPs | P5 | 7 | 141329.926 | 486247.752 | -3.174 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.8 | 0.017 | -0.041 | 0.128 | |
| Export GCPs | P6 | 7 | 141346.431 | 486236.022 | -3.200 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.3 | -0.002 | -0.018 | 0.005 | |

Drone & terrestrische data combineren

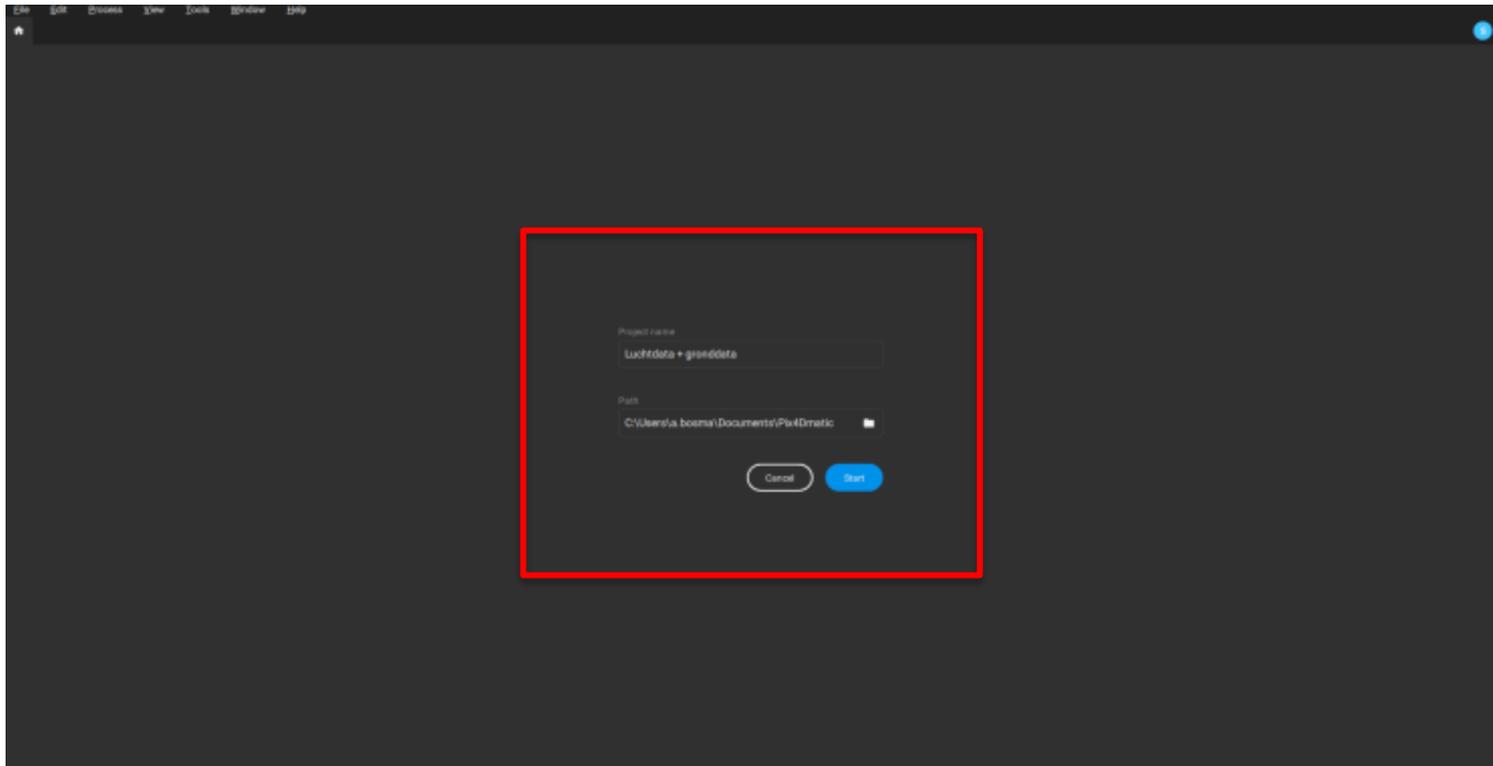


The screenshot shows the Geomatics software interface. A red box highlights the 'Tools' menu in the top navigation bar. The main workspace is divided into several sections:

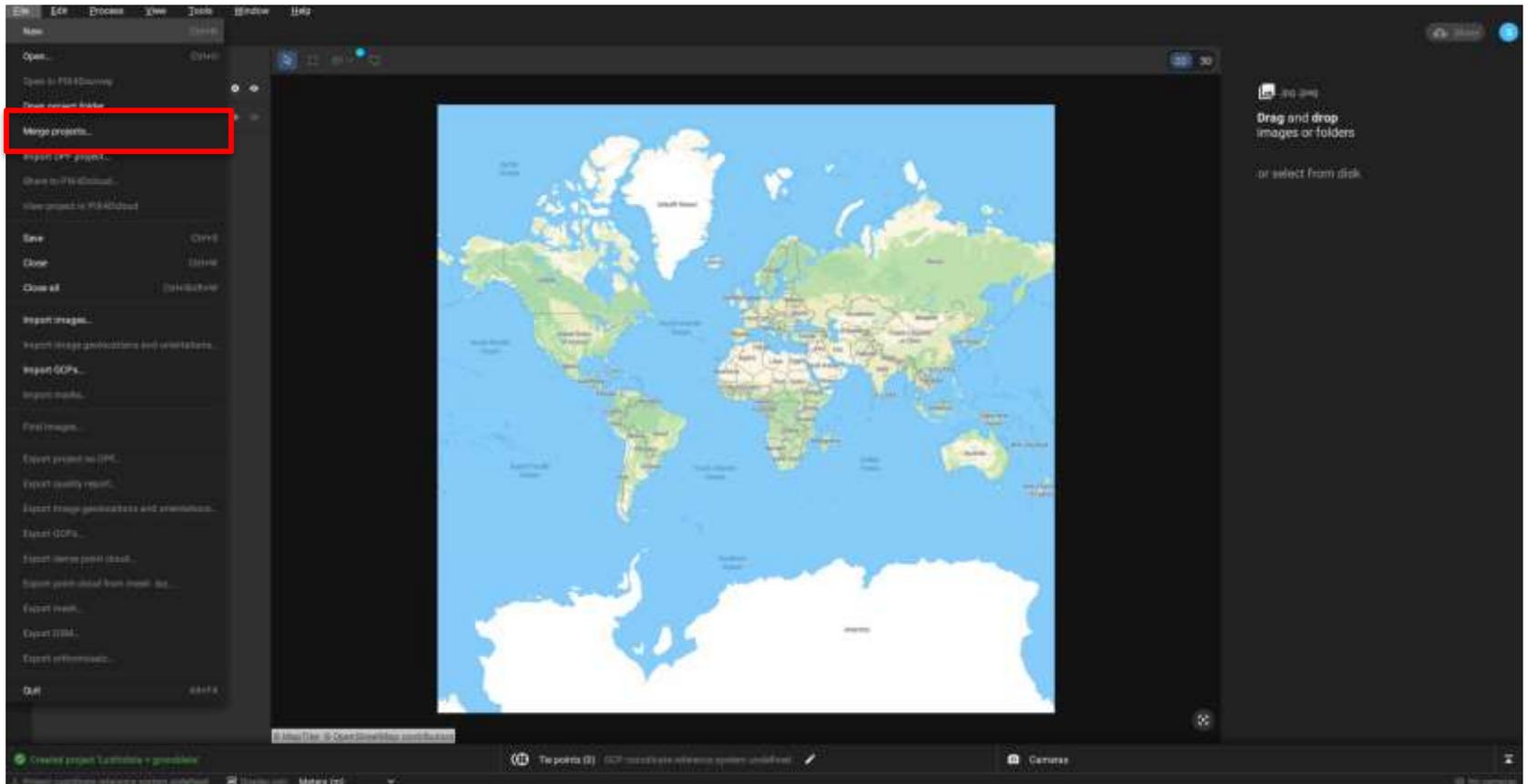
- Processing options:** A sidebar on the left with settings for 'Work', 'Calibration', and 'Reoptimization'.
- 3D View:** A central view showing a 3D model of a drone in flight.
- Image Grid:** A grid of drone images on the right side of the workspace.
- Data Table:** A table at the bottom displaying the results of the data integration.

| Label [m] | Type | Width [m] | Geotag [m] | Heading [°] | altitude [m] | Accuracy X [m] | Accuracy Y [m] | Horizontal error [m] | Position error X [m] | Position error Y [m] | Position error Z [m] |
|-----------|------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | GCP | 7 | 141812.729 | 486217.531 | -3.146 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 4.3 | 0.064 | -0.018 | 0.007 |
| 2 | GCP | 7 | 141310.006 | 486221.127 | -3.187 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.2 | -0.014 | 0.061 | -0.053 |
| 3 | GCP | 7 | 141308.485 | 486226.233 | -3.275 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.7 | -0.069 | -0.022 | -0.125 |
| 4 | GCP | 7 | 141817.874 | 486233.421 | -3.180 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 2.9 | 0.003 | 0.055 | -0.001 |
| 5 | GCP | 7 | 141329.926 | 486247.752 | -3.174 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.8 | -0.017 | -0.041 | 0.128 |
| 6 | GCP | 7 | 141346.431 | 486236.022 | -3.202 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 3.3 | 0.002 | -0.018 | 0.005 |

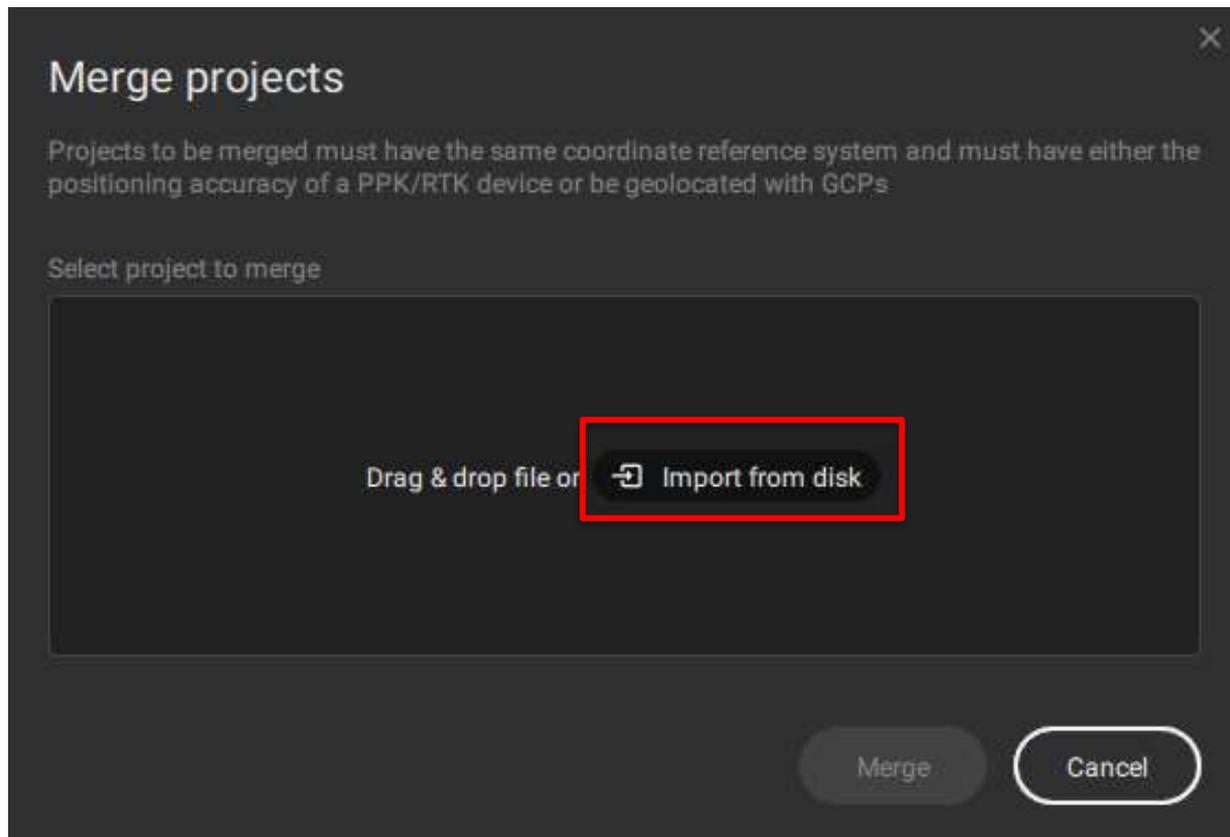
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



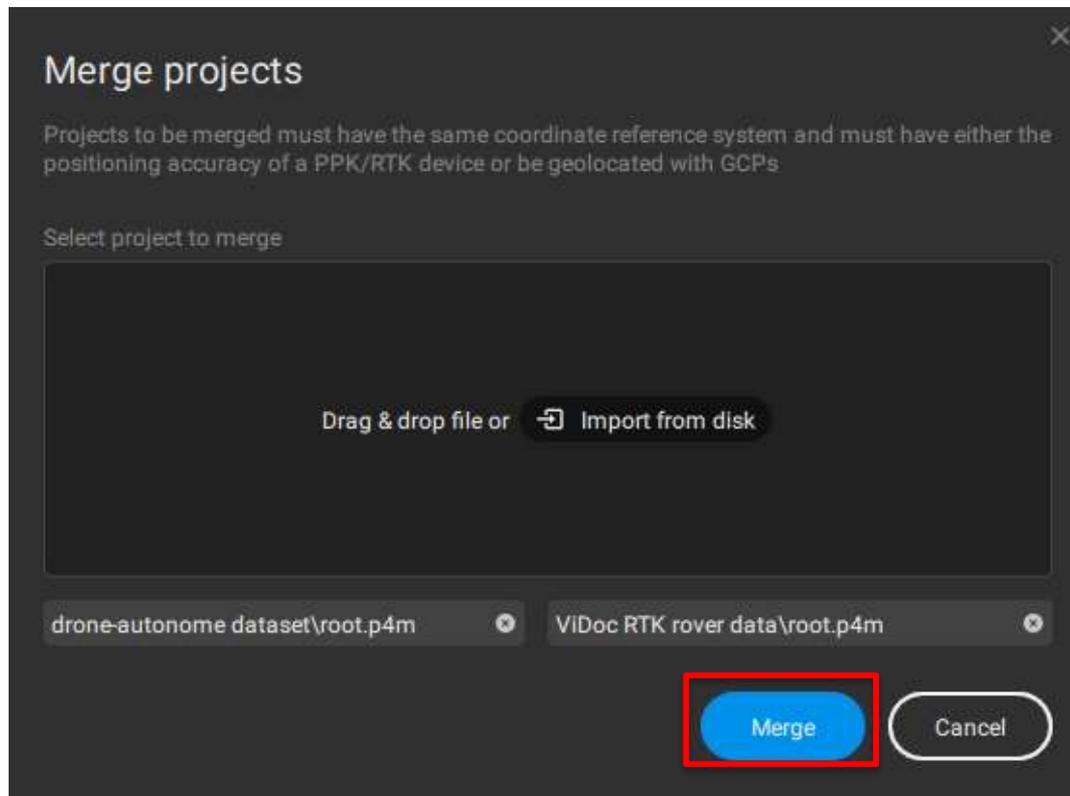
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



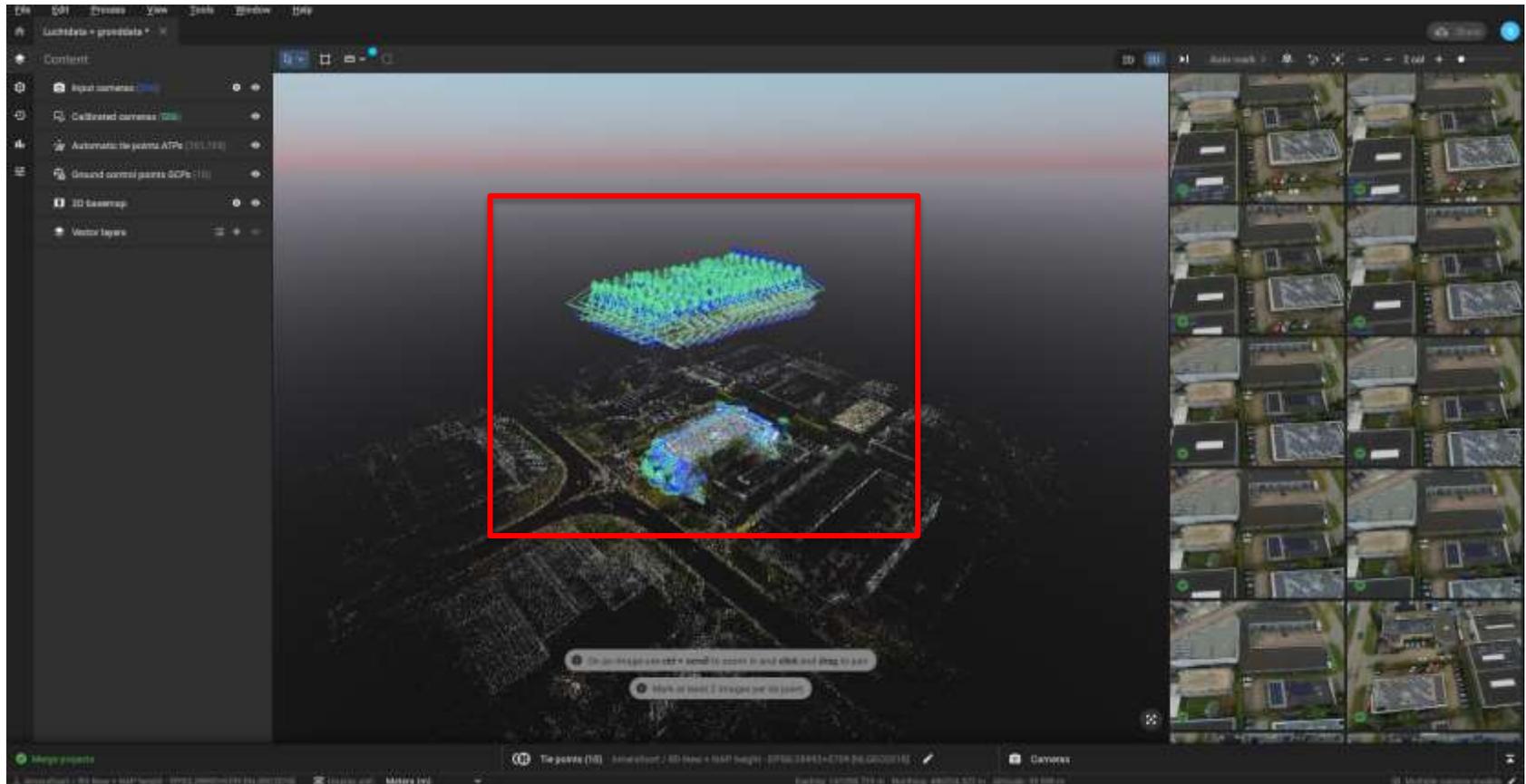
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



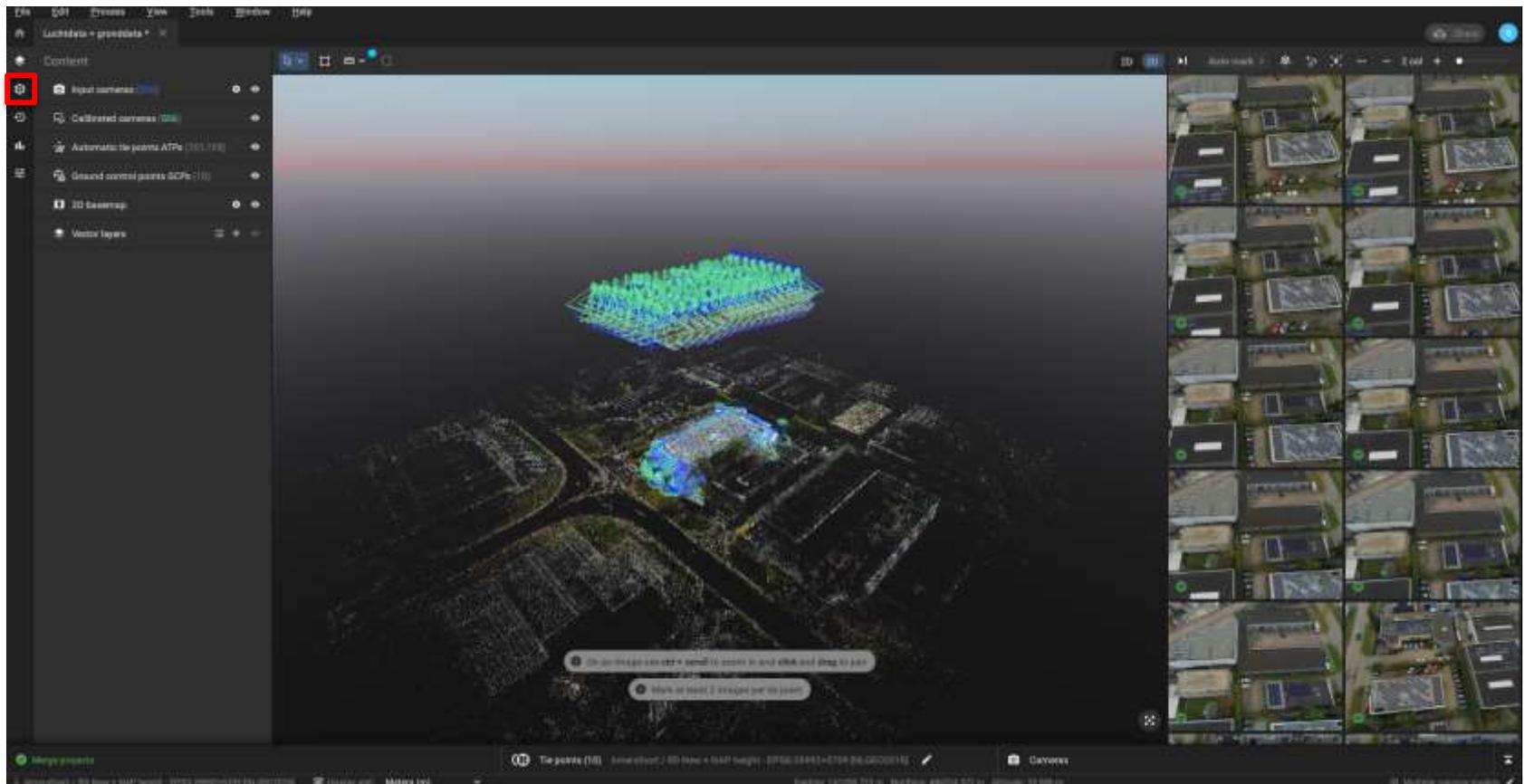
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



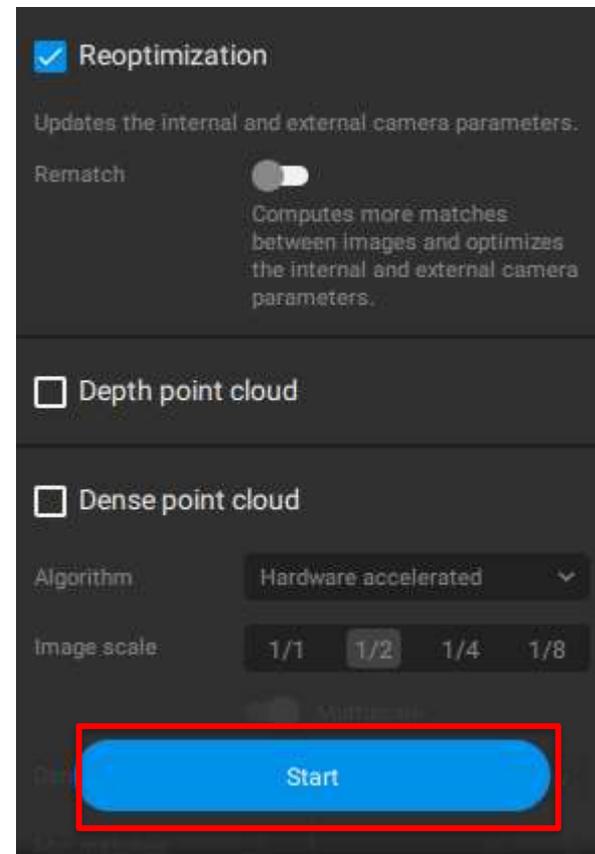
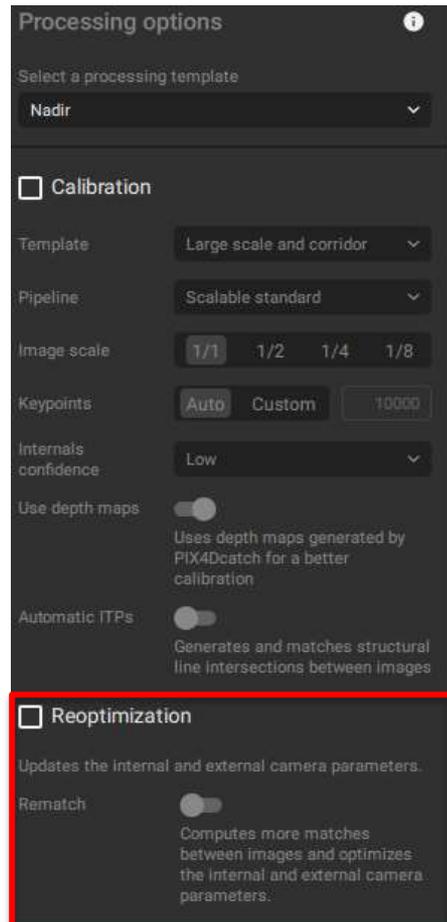
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren

Dense point cloud

Algorithm Hardware accelerated

Image scale 1/1 1/2 1/4 1/8

Multiscale

Density High Optimal Low

Min matches 2 6 3

Noise filter Provides a cleaner point cloud for oblique images

Sky filter Removes the sky to improve point cloud and mesh quality. Processing time is impacted

Dense point cloud

Algorithm Hardware accelerated

Image scale 1/1 1/2 1/4 1/8

Multiscale

Density High Optimal Low

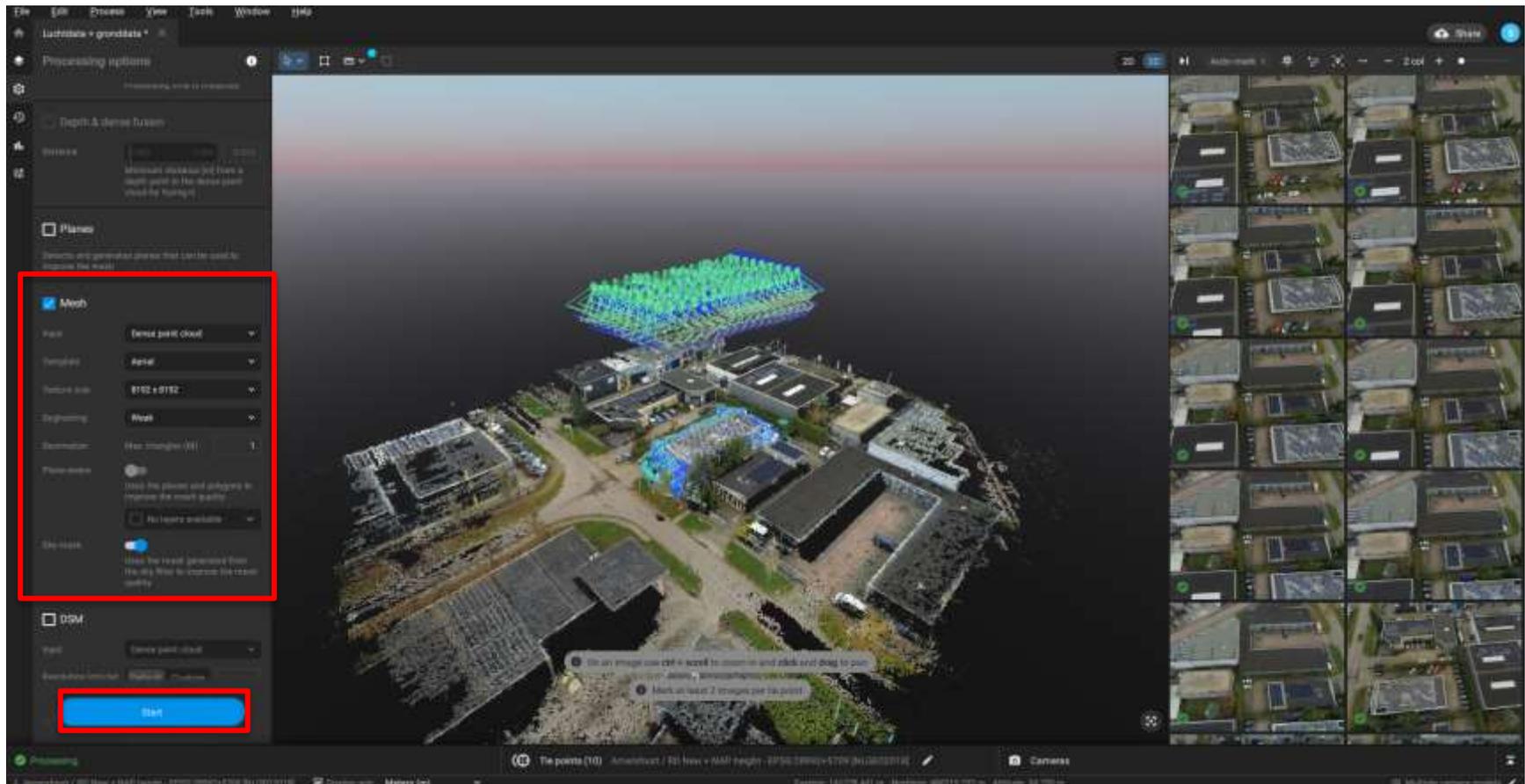
Min matches 2 6 3

Noise filter Provides a cleaner point cloud for oblique images

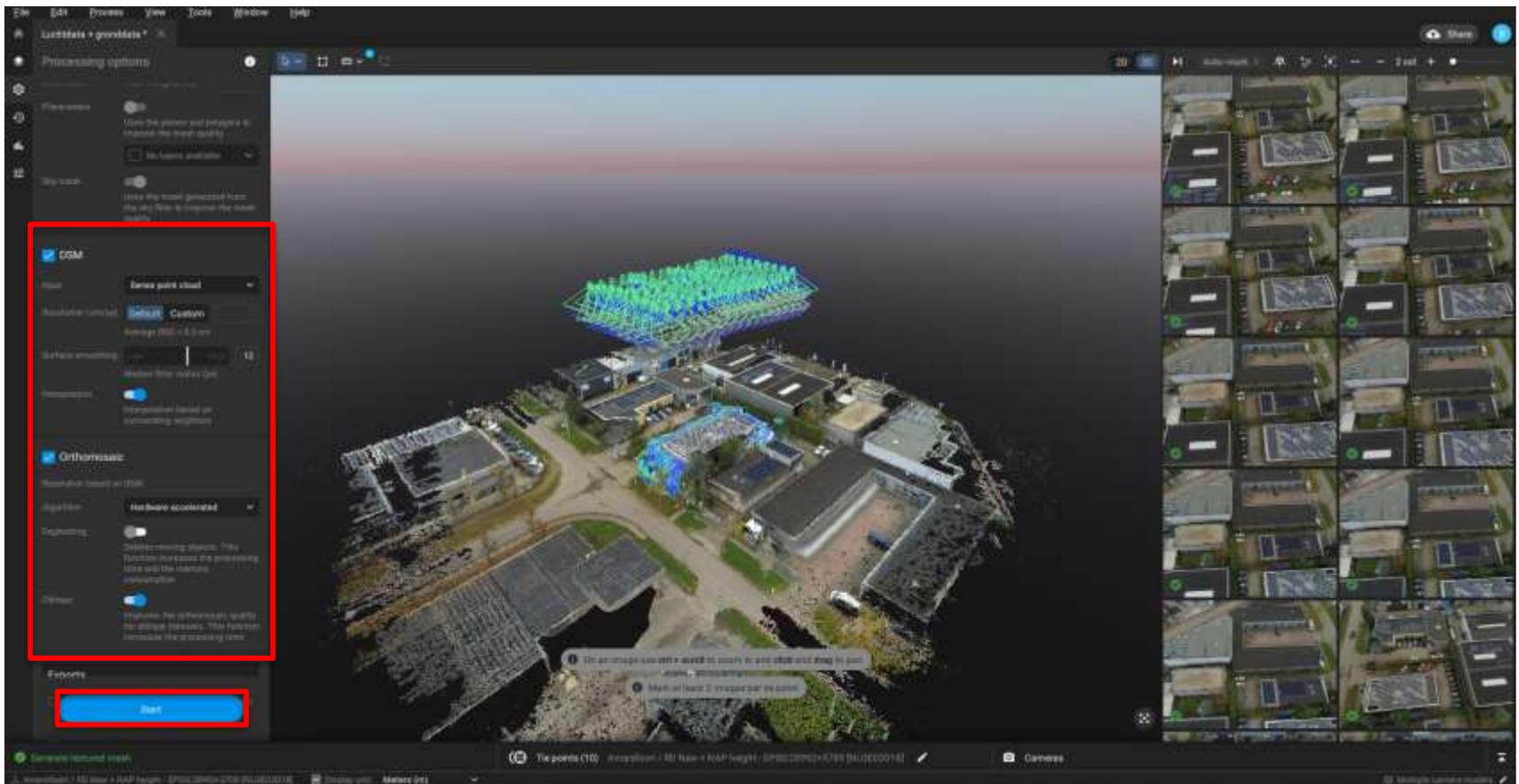
Sky filter Removes the sky to improve point cloud and mesh quality. Processing time is impacted

Start

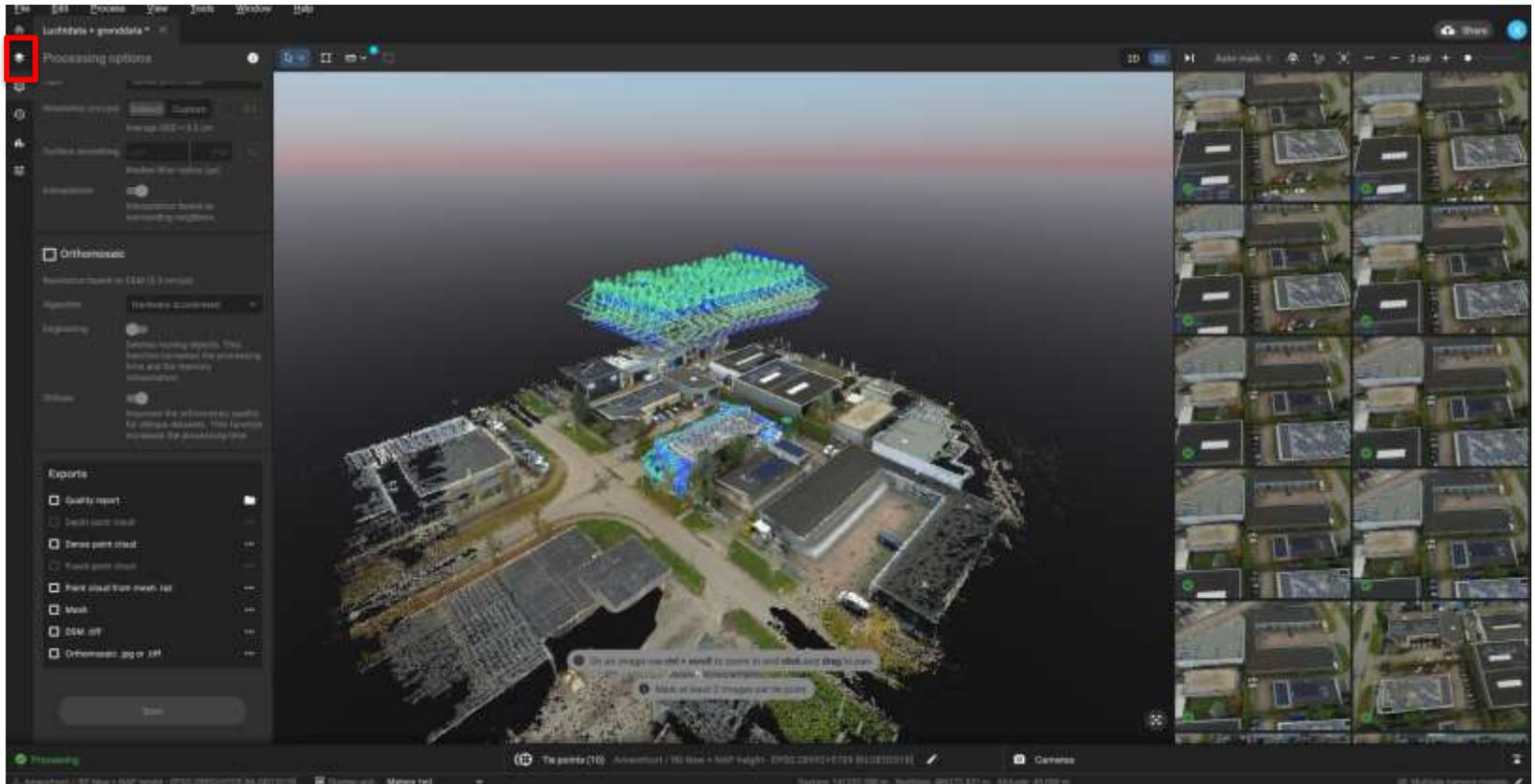
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



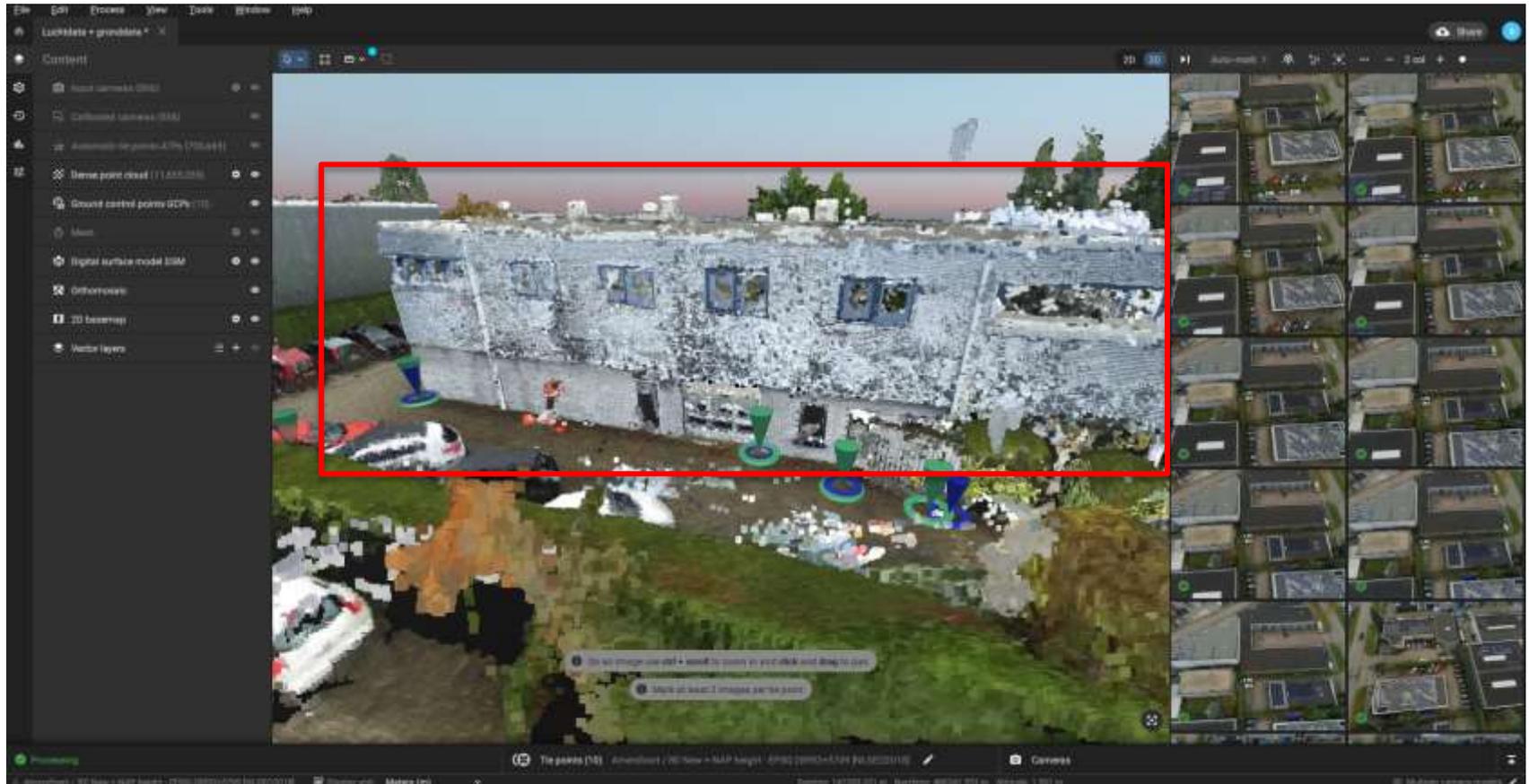
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren



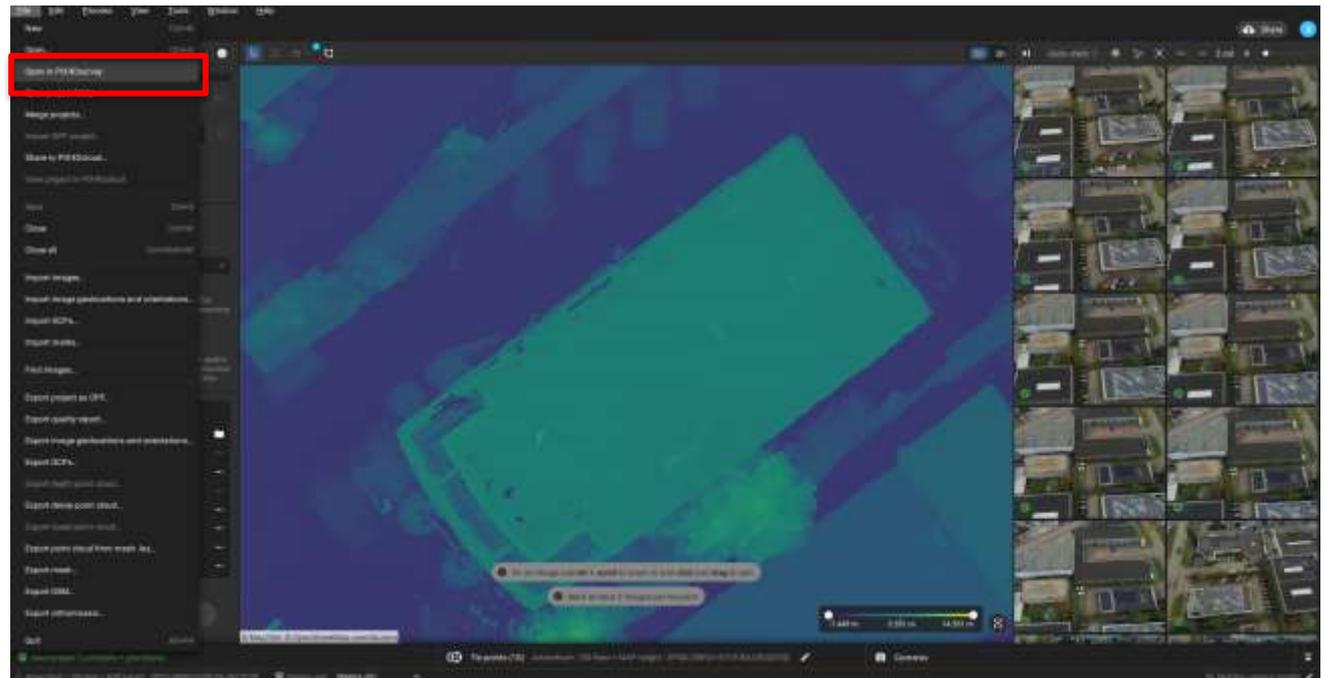
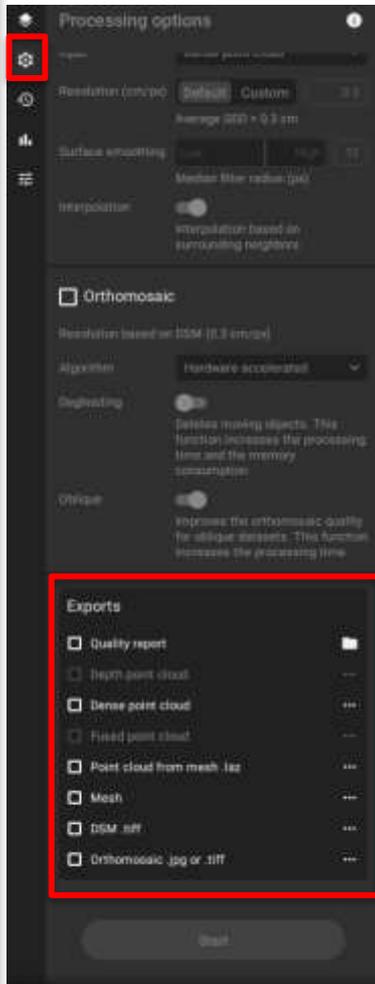
Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren



Drone & terrestrische data combineren

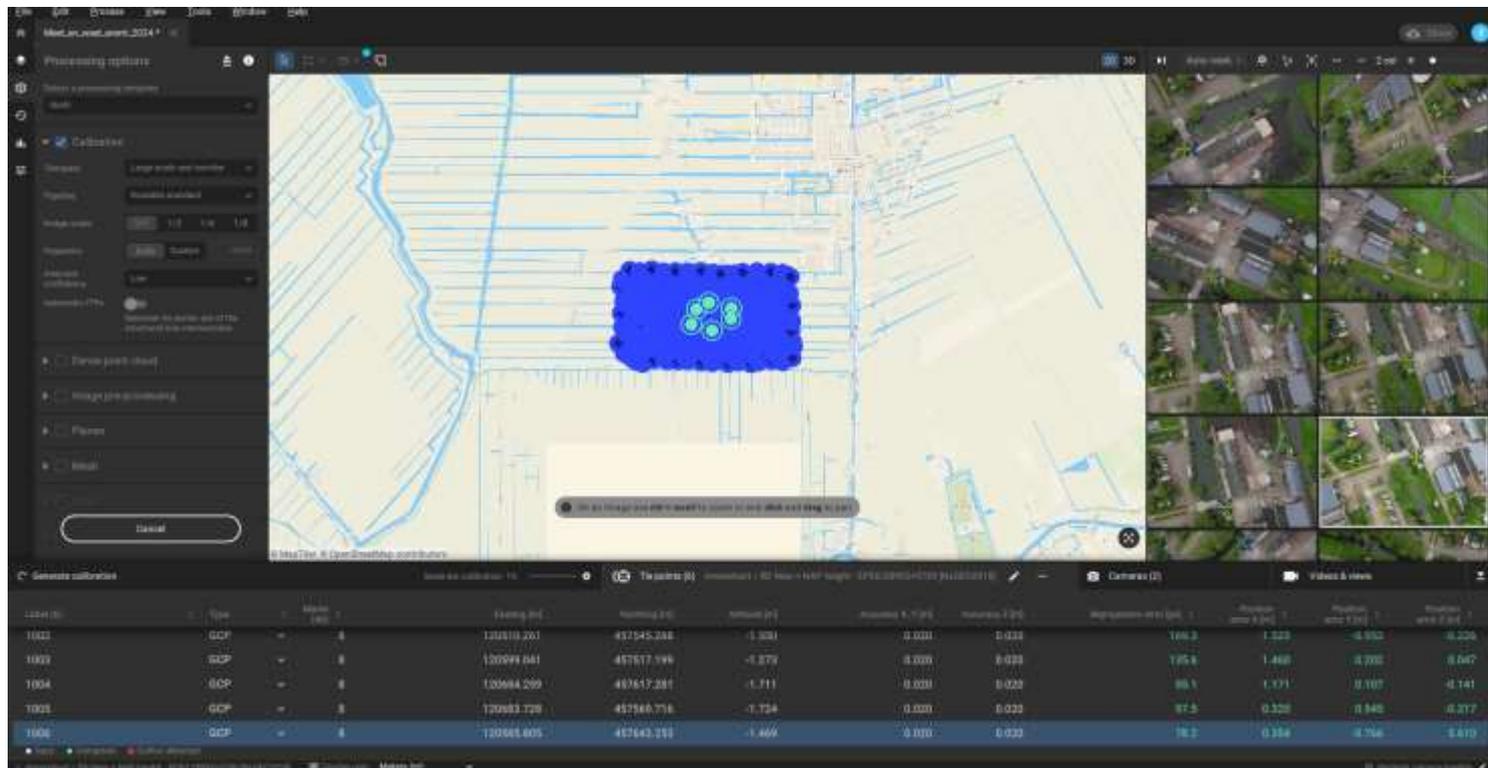


Discussie

- Wie werkt er met Pix4DCatch?
- Wat zijn de ervaringen tot dusver?



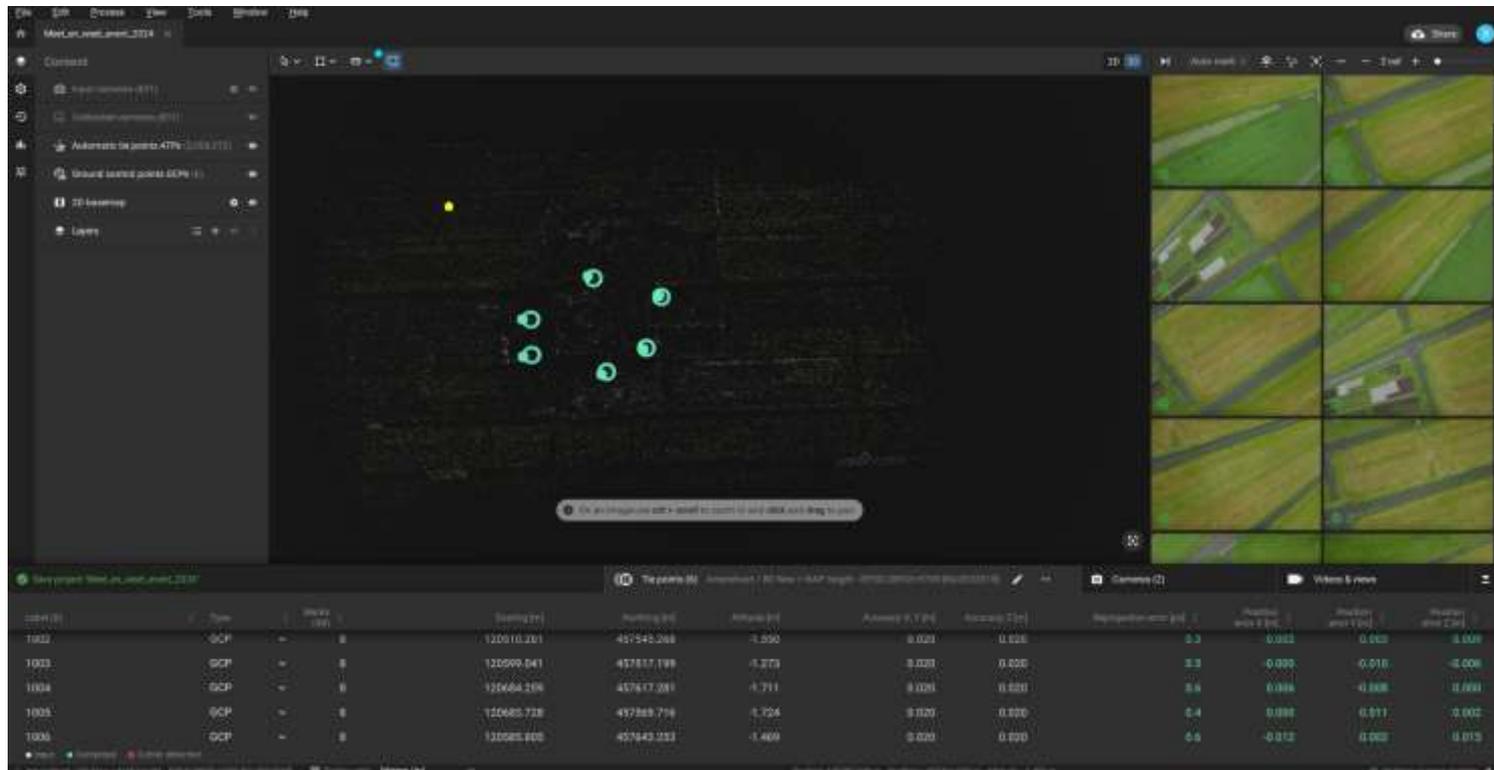
Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The central map shows a blue rectangular Region of Interest (RoI) with a cluster of green circular markers inside. To the right, a grid of 12 aerial images shows the captured data. The bottom of the interface features a table with the following data:

| ID | Type | Min. (m) | Max. (m) | Min. (m) | Max. (m) | Min. (m) | Max. (m) | Min. (m) | Max. (m) | Min. (m) | Max. (m) | |
|------|------|----------|----------|------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| 1002 | GCP | - | - | 132819.261 | 457545.288 | -1.308 | 0.031 | 0.031 | 186.3 | 1.323 | -0.502 | -0.226 |
| 1003 | GCP | - | - | 132999.081 | 457517.598 | -1.379 | 0.008 | 0.030 | 195.5 | 1.468 | 0.702 | 0.047 |
| 1004 | GCP | - | - | 132984.209 | 467617.281 | -1.711 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 98.5 | 1.171 | 0.107 | -0.141 |
| 1005 | GCP | - | - | 132983.729 | 457566.716 | -1.724 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 97.5 | 0.320 | 0.848 | -0.277 |
| 1006 | GCP | - | - | 132985.605 | 457643.255 | -1.466 | 0.010 | 0.030 | 18.2 | 0.354 | -0.766 | 0.810 |

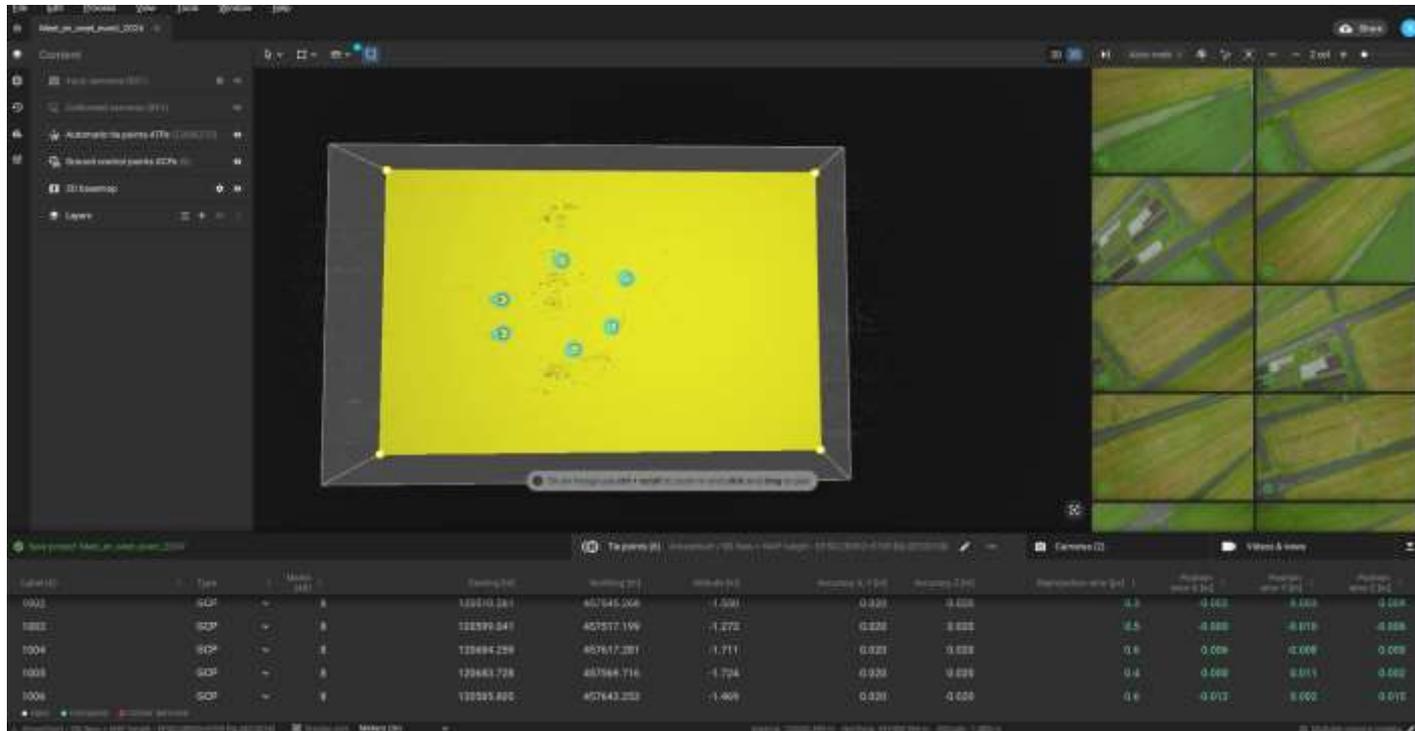
Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main window shows a 3D point cloud of a field with a Region of Interest (RoI) highlighted in green. The left sidebar shows the project structure with layers for '3D Georeferencing' and 'Layers'. The bottom of the interface features a table of Ground Control Points (GCP) with the following data:

| ID | Type | Height [m] | Stationing [m] | Numbering [m] | Altitude [m] | Accuracy X [m] | Accuracy Y [m] | Accuracy Z [m] | Registration error [m] | Residual error X [m] | Residual error Y [m] | Residual error Z [m] |
|------|------|------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1002 | GCP | 0 | 120010.281 | 457545.268 | -1.550 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.008 |
| 1003 | GCP | 0 | 120590.041 | 457517.199 | -1.273 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.3 | 0.000 | 0.016 | -0.006 |
| 1004 | GCP | 0 | 120664.106 | 457517.281 | -1.711 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.6 | 0.004 | -0.008 | 0.001 |
| 1005 | GCP | 0 | 120685.728 | 457585.776 | -1.724 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.002 |
| 1006 | GCP | 0 | 120585.800 | 457543.333 | -1.469 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.6 | -0.012 | 0.002 | 0.013 |

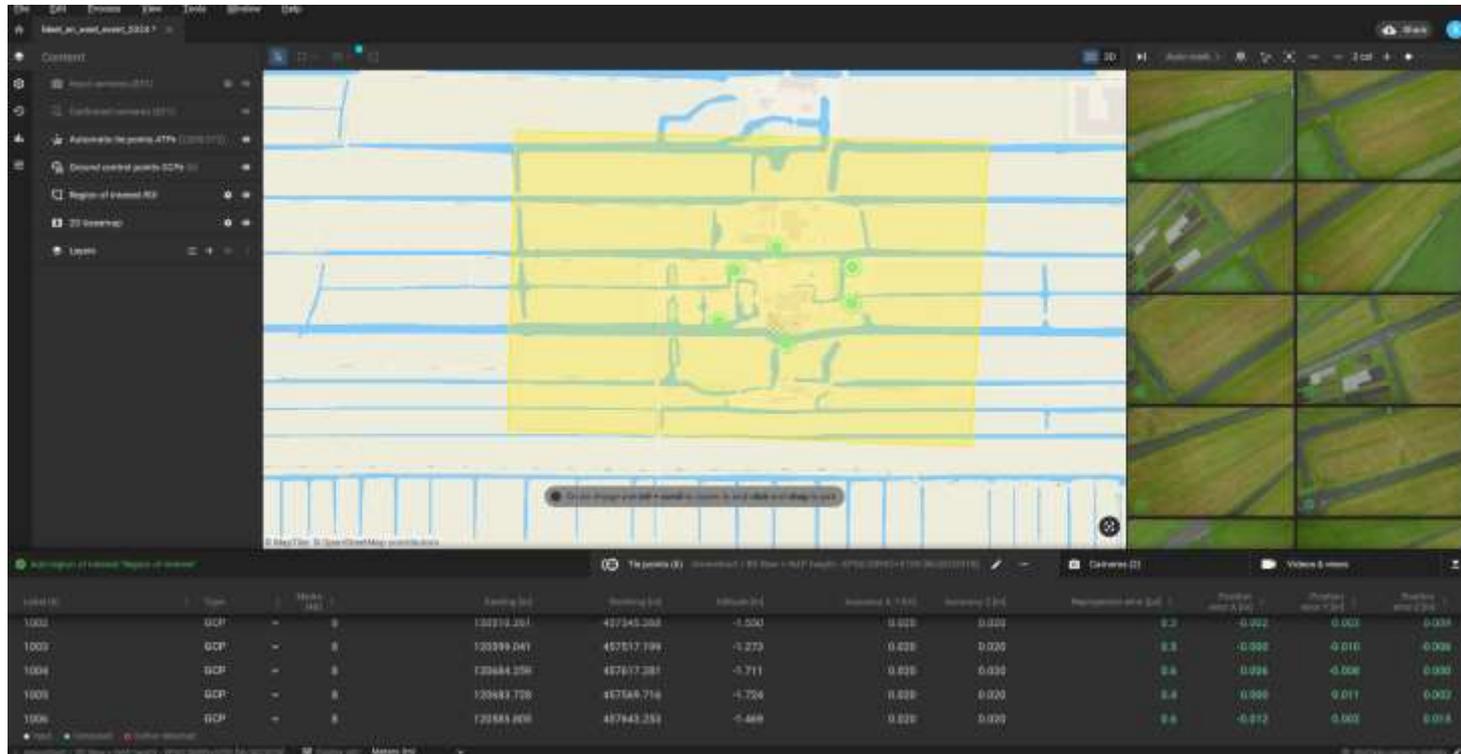
Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The central view shows a 3D point cloud with a yellow rectangular Region of Interest (RoI) overlaid. To the right, a grid of aerial images is visible. The bottom of the interface features a data table with the following columns: Label ID, Type, Model, X [m], Y [m], Z [m], Rotation X [°], Rotation Y [°], Rotation Z [°], Orientation error [°], Position error X [m], Position error Y [m], and Position error Z [m].

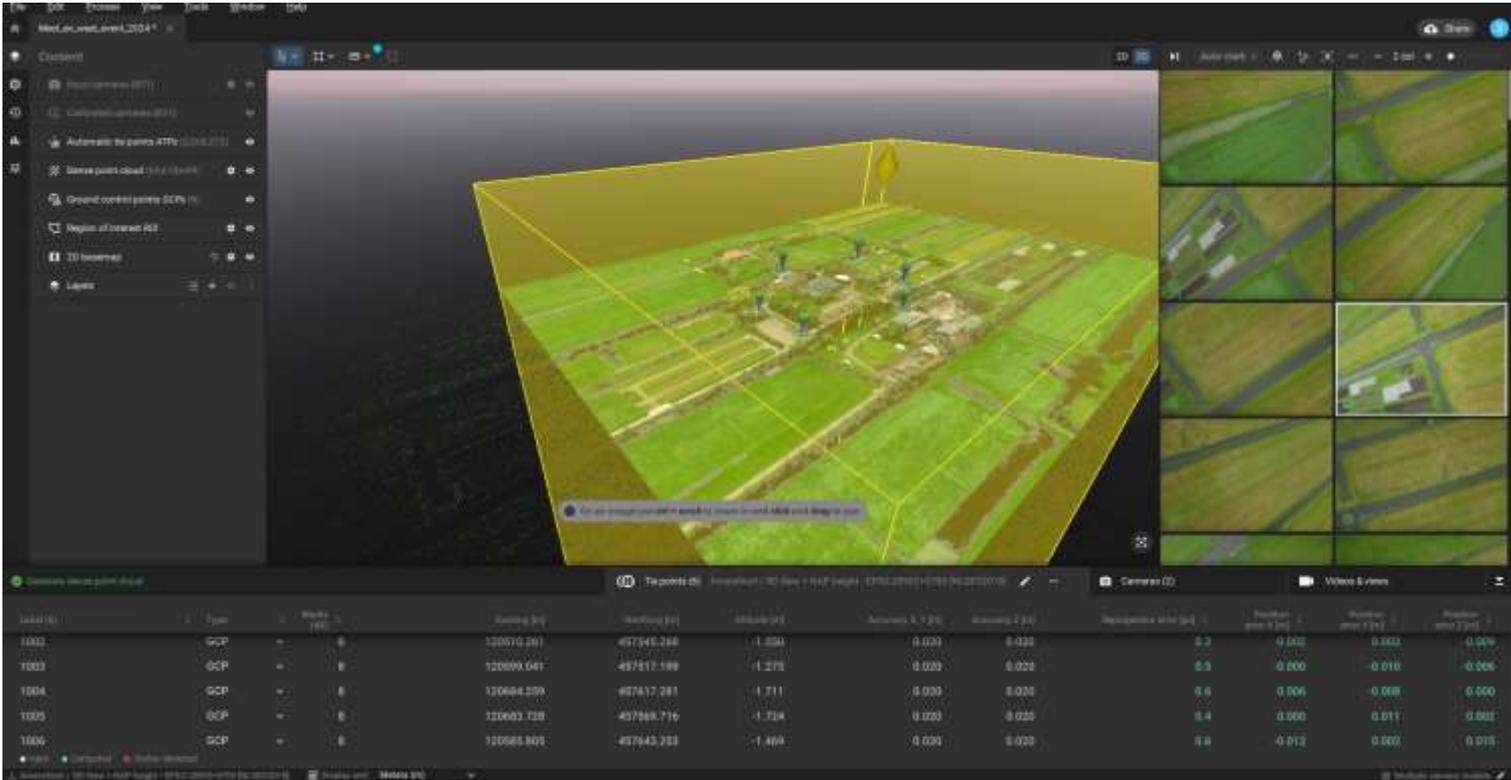
| Label ID | Type | Model | X [m] | Y [m] | Z [m] | Rotation X [°] | Rotation Y [°] | Rotation Z [°] | Orientation error [°] | Position error X [m] | Position error Y [m] | Position error Z [m] |
|----------|------|-------|-------|------------|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0002 | SCP | - | 8 | 122410.281 | 457545.068 | -1.200 | 0.020 | 0.028 | 3.3 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.008 |
| 1002 | SCP | - | 8 | 122370.247 | 457517.199 | -1.272 | 0.028 | 0.022 | 6.5 | -0.008 | -0.019 | -0.008 |
| 1004 | SCP | - | 8 | 122494.229 | 457617.281 | -1.711 | 0.021 | 0.022 | 0.6 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.009 |
| 1005 | SCP | - | 8 | 122463.728 | 457568.716 | -1.704 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.000 |
| 1006 | SCP | - | 8 | 122583.890 | 457642.202 | -1.409 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.6 | -0.012 | 0.000 | 0.010 |

Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



| Index | Type | Height (m) | X (m) | Y (m) | Z (m) | Roll (°) | Pitch (°) | Yaw (°) | Position error (m) | Position error (m) | Position error (m) |
|-------|------|------------|------------|------------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1002 | GCP | 8 | 132119.261 | 477945.268 | -4.550 | 0.028 | 0.020 | 0.0 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.039 |
| 1003 | GCP | 8 | 132399.041 | 477617.799 | -4.273 | 0.028 | 0.020 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.008 |
| 1004 | GCP | 8 | 132684.256 | 477617.281 | -4.711 | 0.028 | 0.030 | 0.0 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.006 |
| 1005 | GCP | 8 | 132683.728 | 477626.716 | -4.726 | 0.028 | 0.020 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.002 |
| 1006 | GCP | 8 | 132683.808 | 477443.253 | -4.468 | 0.028 | 0.020 | 0.0 | -0.012 | 0.003 | 0.018 |

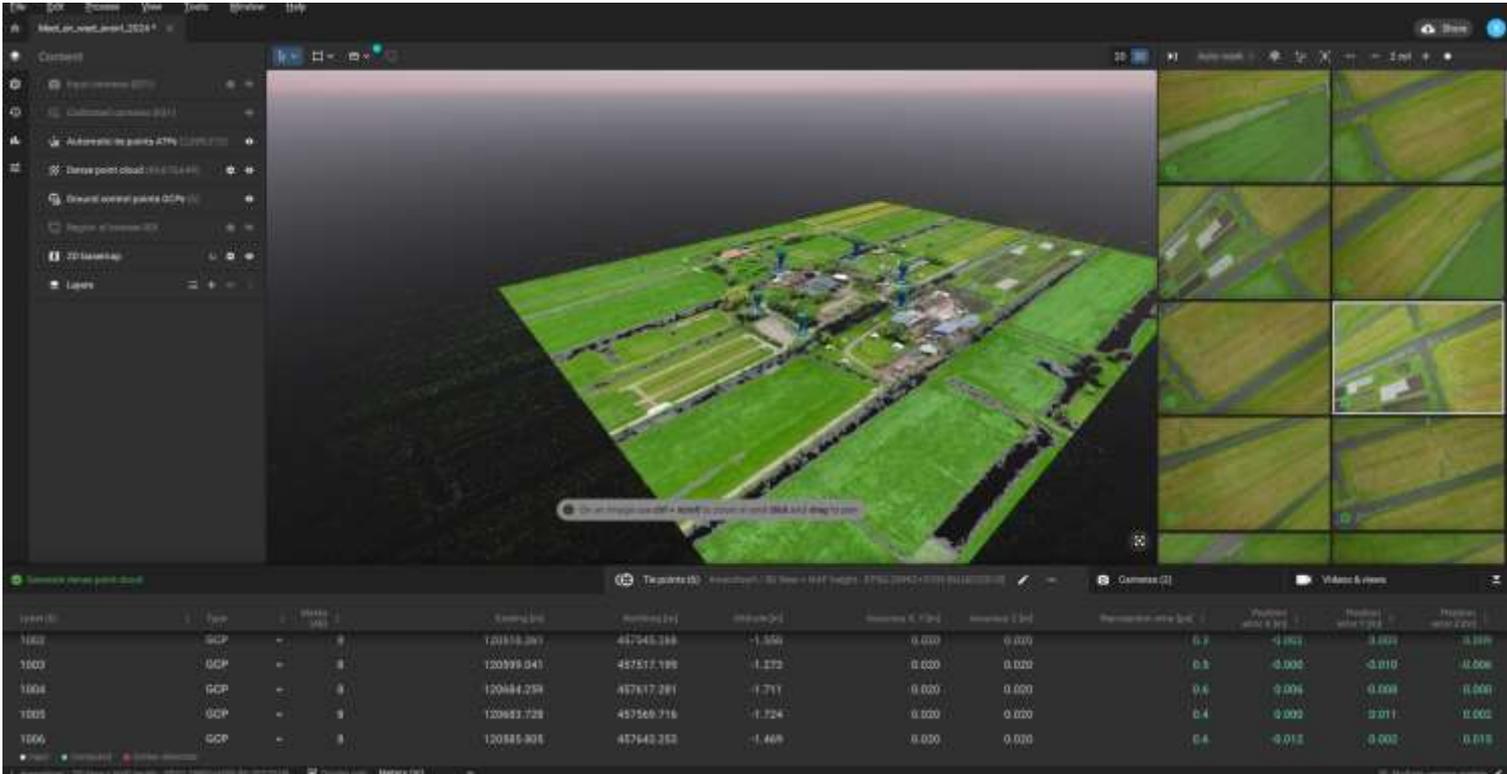
Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main 3D view shows a point cloud model of a field with a yellow wireframe box representing the Region of Interest (RoI). The left sidebar contains project settings, including 'Automatic to points (ATPs)', 'Take point cloud (TPC)', 'Ground control points (GCP)', 'Region of Interest (RoI)', '3D Isosurface', and 'Layers'. The right side shows a grid of orthorectified images. The bottom table lists ground control points (GCPs) with their coordinates and accuracy values.

| ID | Type | Marked | Heading [m] | Widthing [m] | Altitude [m] | Accuracy X, Y, Z [m] | Accuracy Z [m] | Reprojection error [m] | Residual error X [m] | Residual error Y [m] | Residual error Z [m] |
|------|------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1002 | GCP | - | 120910.261 | 497945.266 | -1.896 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1003 | GCP | - | 120899.041 | 497817.199 | -1.275 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.3 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.006 |
| 1004 | GCP | - | 120694.209 | 497817.281 | -1.711 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.6 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.000 |
| 1005 | GCP | - | 120603.729 | 497968.716 | -1.724 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.002 |
| 1006 | GCP | - | 120585.805 | 497943.283 | -1.469 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.6 | -0.012 | 0.000 | 0.010 |

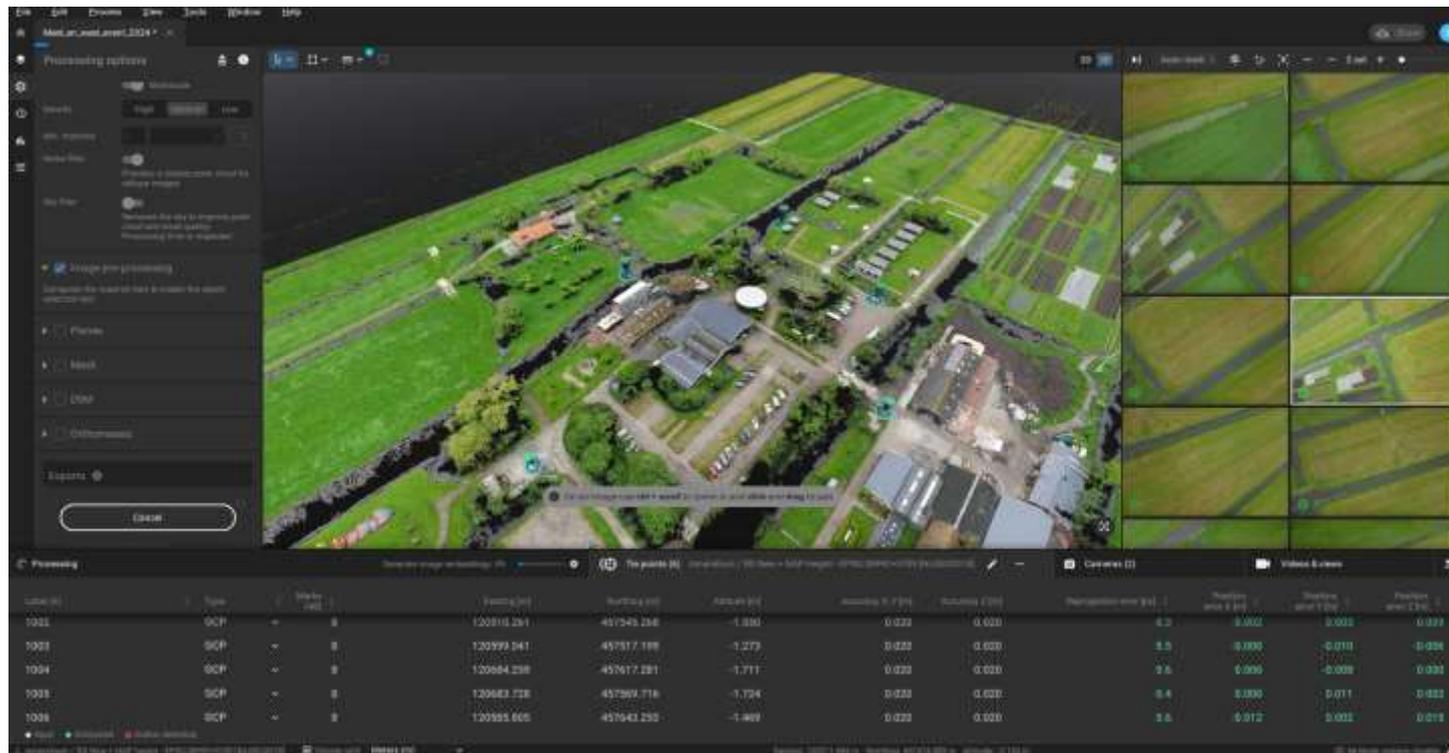
Region of Interest (RoI) in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main window shows a 3D point cloud of a rural landscape with a red-outlined Region of Interest (RoI) covering a central area. The left sidebar lists various layers and processing options. The bottom of the interface features a data table with the following columns: ID, Type, Area (m²), Easting (m), Northing (m), UTM Zone (m), Easting (m), Northing (m), Elevation (m), and Precision (m).

| ID | Type | Area (m²) | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | UTM Zone (m) | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Elevation (m) | Precision (m) |
|------|------|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1002 | GCP | 0 | 120158.267 | 457245.388 | -1.556 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.002 |
| 1003 | GCP | 0 | 120399.041 | 457517.198 | -1.272 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.002 |
| 1004 | GCP | 0 | 120484.259 | 457617.281 | -1.711 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.002 |
| 1005 | GCP | 0 | 120683.728 | 457569.716 | -1.724 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.002 |
| 1006 | GCP | 0 | 120885.906 | 457542.252 | -1.469 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.012 |

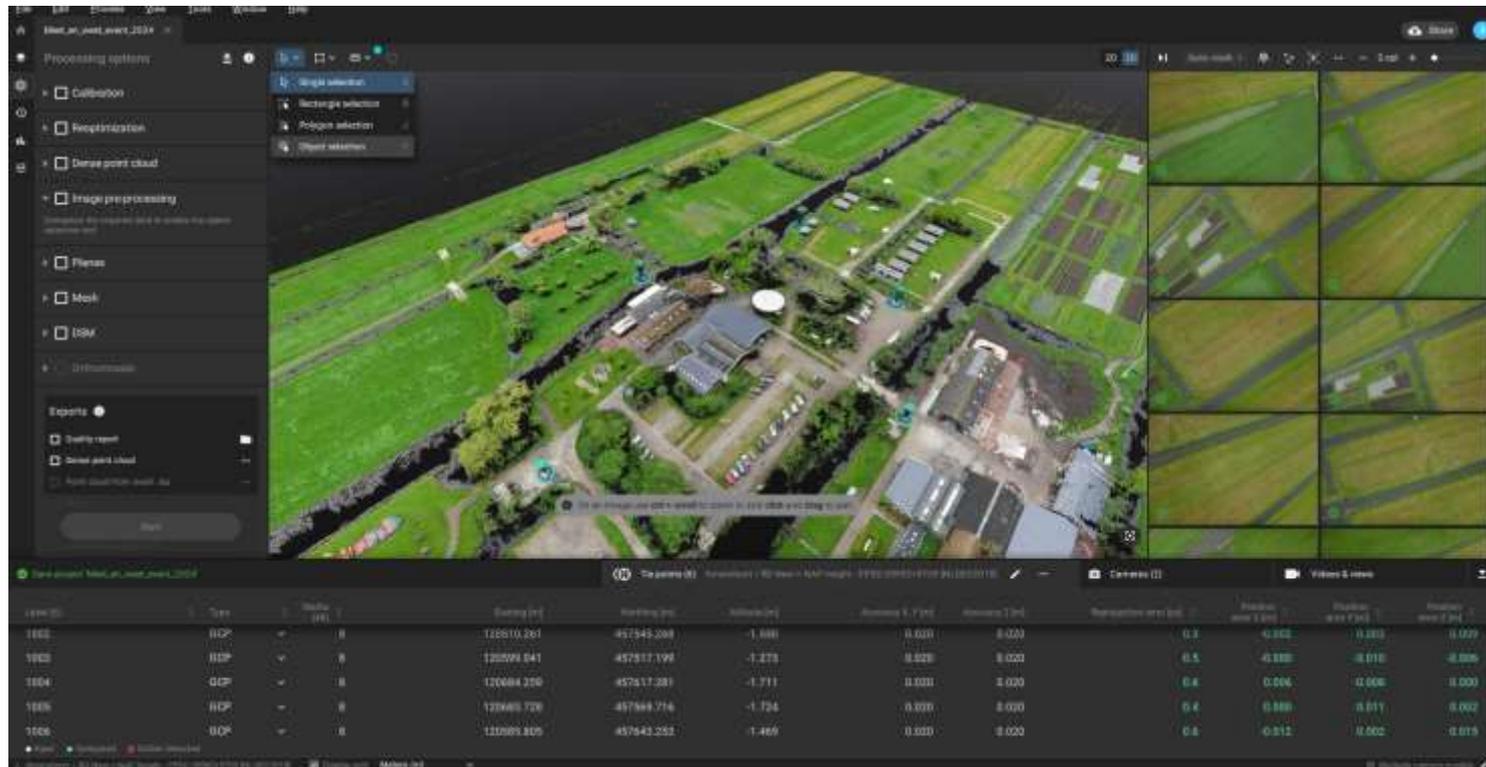
Object detection in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main window shows a 3D perspective view of a farm with various buildings and fields. On the right side, there is a grid of 2D images showing different views of the same area. Below the 3D view, there is a table of detected objects.

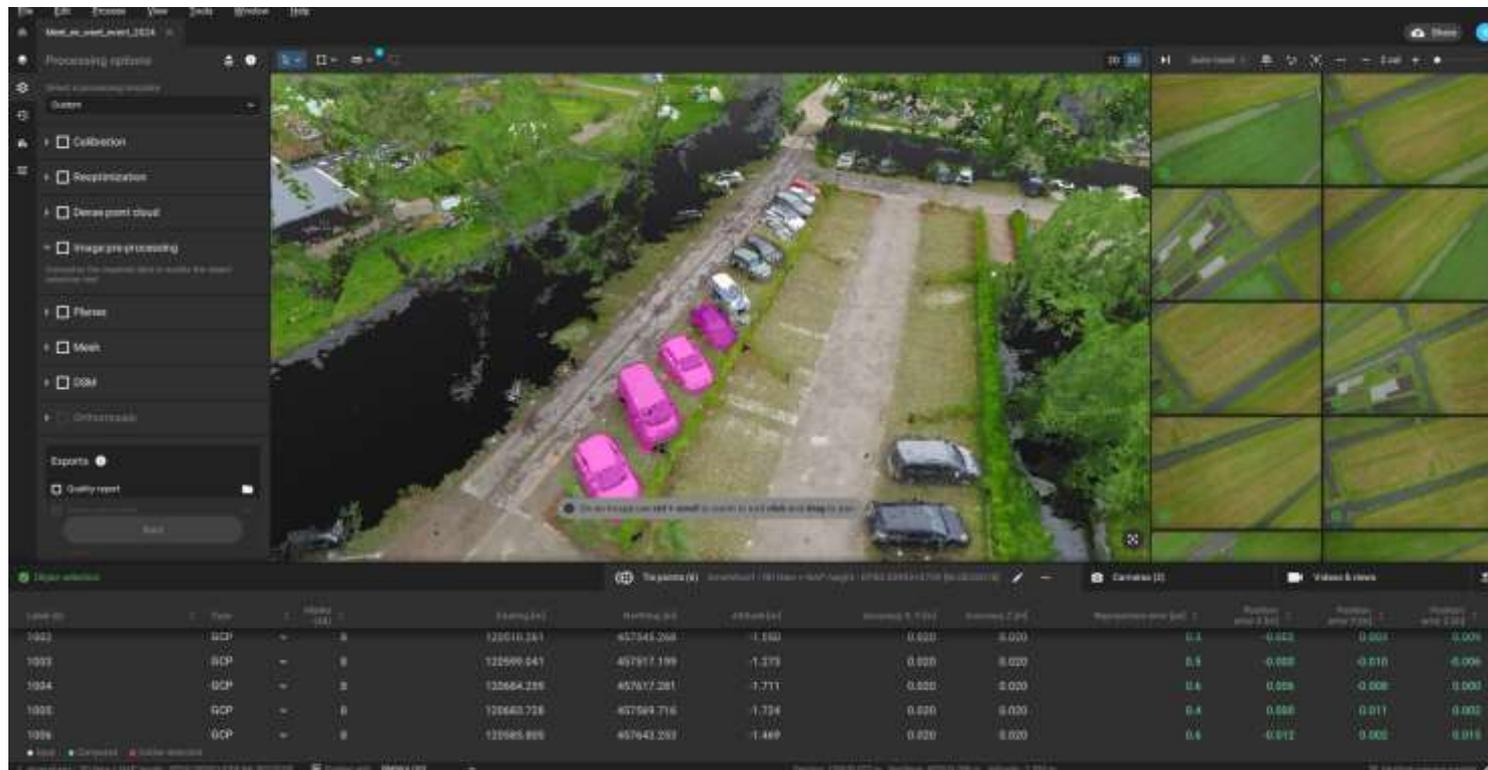
| Label ID | Type | Width [m] | Height [m] | Position [m] | Rotation [°] | Volume [m³] | Surface [m²] | Perimeter [m] | Position along X [m] | Position along Y [m] | Position along Z [m] | |
|----------|------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------|
| 1003 | OCF | 0 | 0 | 120810.261 | 497549.258 | -1.930 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 8.0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.029 |
| 1002 | SCP | 0 | 0 | 120999.041 | 497817.189 | -1.279 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 8.0 | 0.000 | -0.010 | 0.024 |
| 1004 | OCF | 0 | 0 | 120984.298 | 497617.281 | -1.711 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 8.0 | 0.000 | -0.008 | 0.032 |
| 1005 | SCP | 0 | 0 | 120682.728 | 497869.716 | -1.724 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 8.0 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.022 |
| 1008 | SCP | 0 | 0 | 120985.605 | 497642.292 | -1.469 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 8.0 | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.018 |

Object detection in Pix4Dmatic



| ID | Type | Width (m) | Height (m) | Center X (m) | Center Y (m) | Min. Z (m) | Max. Z (m) | Volume (m³) | Classification | Position score (0-1) | Position score X (m) | Position score Y (m) | Position score Z (m) |
|------|------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1002 | BOP | ~ | ~ | 120110.261 | 457945.209 | -1.680 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.3 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1003 | BOP | ~ | ~ | 120590.041 | 457917.199 | -1.275 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.5 | 0.000 | -0.010 | -0.006 | |
| 1004 | GCP | ~ | ~ | 120684.200 | 457917.281 | -1.711 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.6 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.000 | |
| 1005 | BOP | ~ | ~ | 120680.726 | 457968.716 | -1.704 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.002 | |
| 1006 | BOP | ~ | ~ | 121090.805 | 457943.252 | -1.466 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.8 | 0.012 | 0.002 | -0.019 | |

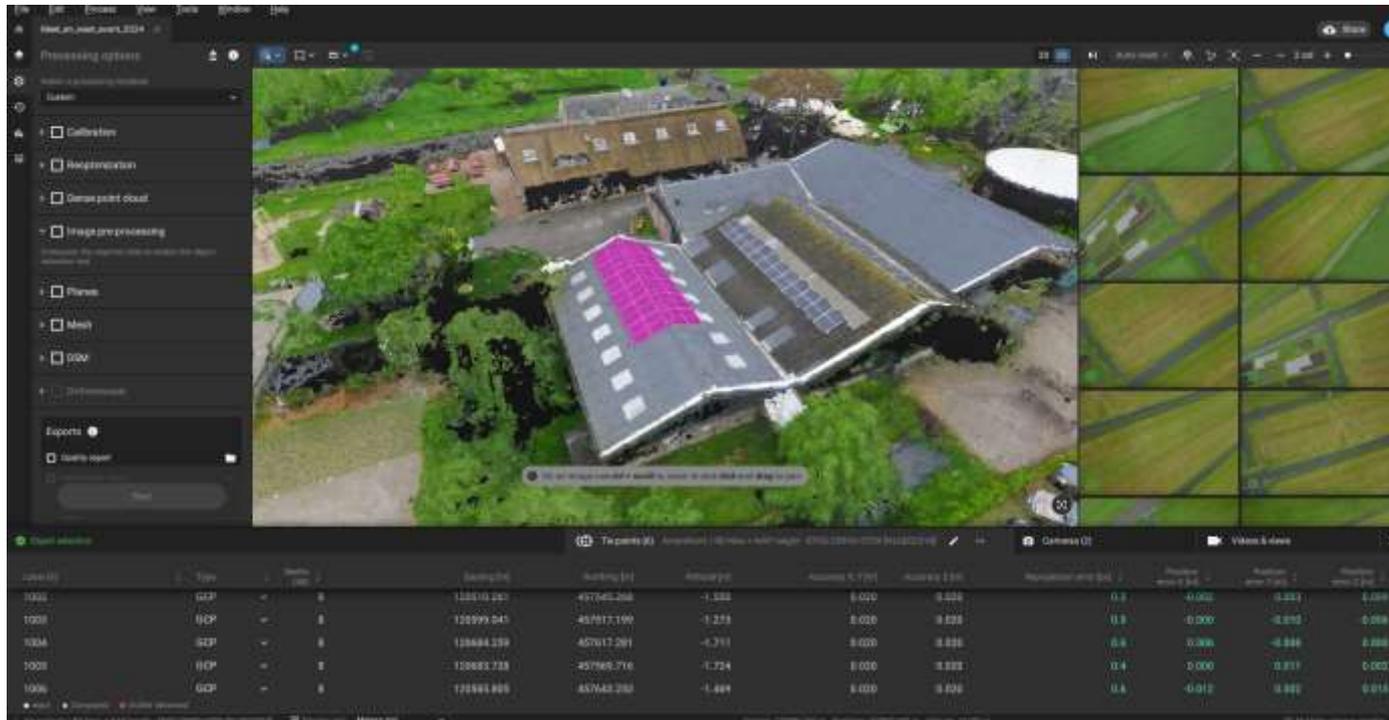
Object detection in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. On the left, the 'Processing pipeline' is visible, with options for 'Calibration', 'Recognition', 'Dense point cloud', 'Merge point cloud', 'Photos', 'Mesh', and '3D'. The main 3D view shows an aerial perspective of a parking lot with several cars highlighted by pink bounding boxes. To the right, a 2D grid of images shows different views of the scene. At the bottom, a table provides detailed data for the detected objects.

| ID | Type | Height (m) | Volume (m³) |
|------|------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1043 | RCP | - | 0 | 120510.261 | 457345.268 | -1.580 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1049 | RCP | - | 0 | 122590.641 | 457917.199 | -1.378 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1054 | RCP | - | 0 | 120564.288 | 457617.281 | -1.711 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1060 | RCP | - | 0 | 120640.728 | 457584.716 | -1.734 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1059 | RCP | - | 0 | 122585.898 | 457643.293 | -1.449 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

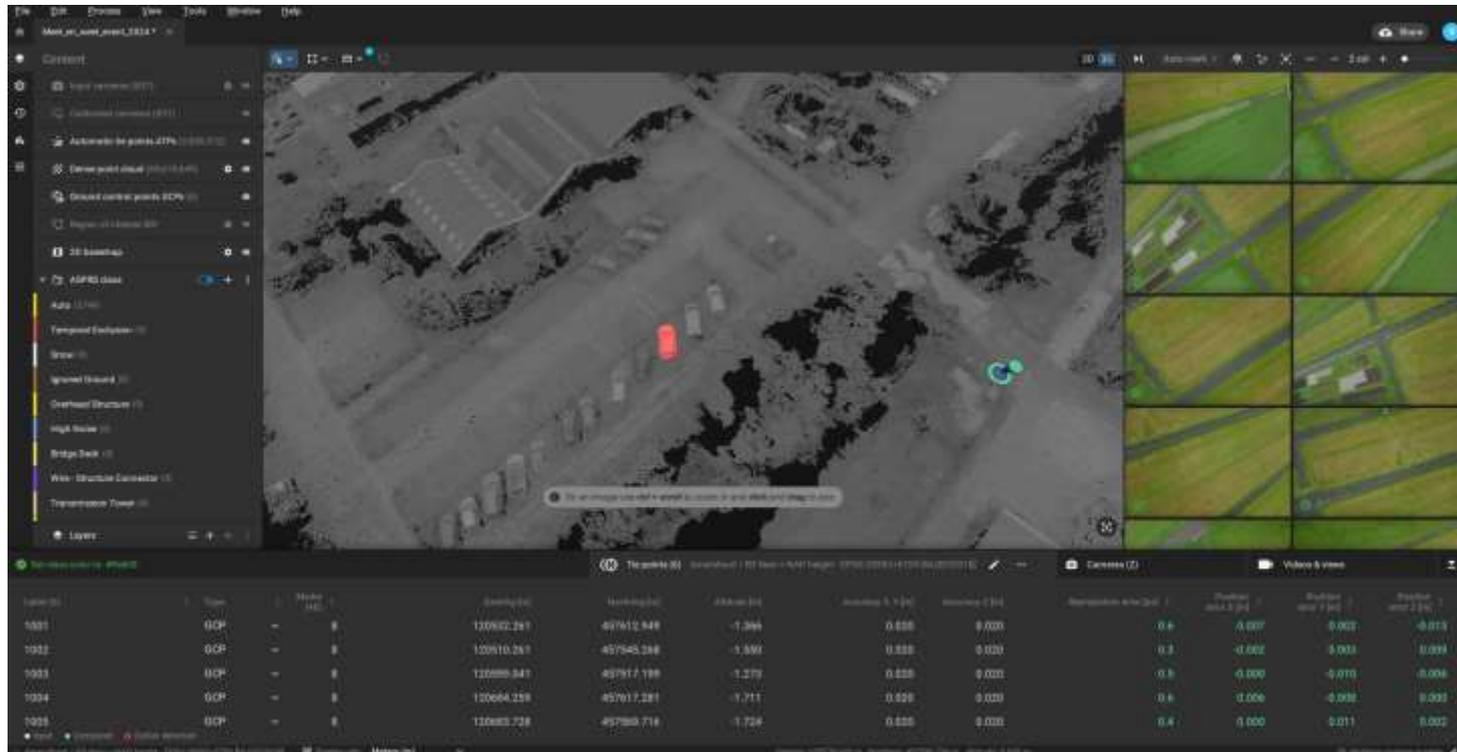
Object detection in Pix4Dmatic



The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main window shows an aerial view of a building with a pink rectangular object detected on its roof. To the right, a grid of six smaller images shows different views of the detected object. The left sidebar contains processing options such as Calibration, Registration, Dense point cloud, Image processing, Plane, Mesh, and DSM. The bottom of the interface features a table with object detection results.

| Object ID | Type | Height (m) | Center (E) | Center (N) | Altitude (m) | Area (m²) | Area (ft²) | Perimeter (m) | Perimeter (ft) | Volume (m³) | Volume (ft³) |
|-----------|------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1000 | GCP | 0 | 12010.280 | -497663.266 | -1.282 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1001 | BCP | 0 | 120999.041 | -497817.199 | -1.273 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1004 | BCP | 0 | 120484.109 | -497617.281 | -1.271 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1003 | BCP | 0 | 120683.733 | -497665.716 | -1.274 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.000 |
| 1006 | GCP | 0 | 120581.800 | -497643.260 | -1.484 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.4 | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.014 |

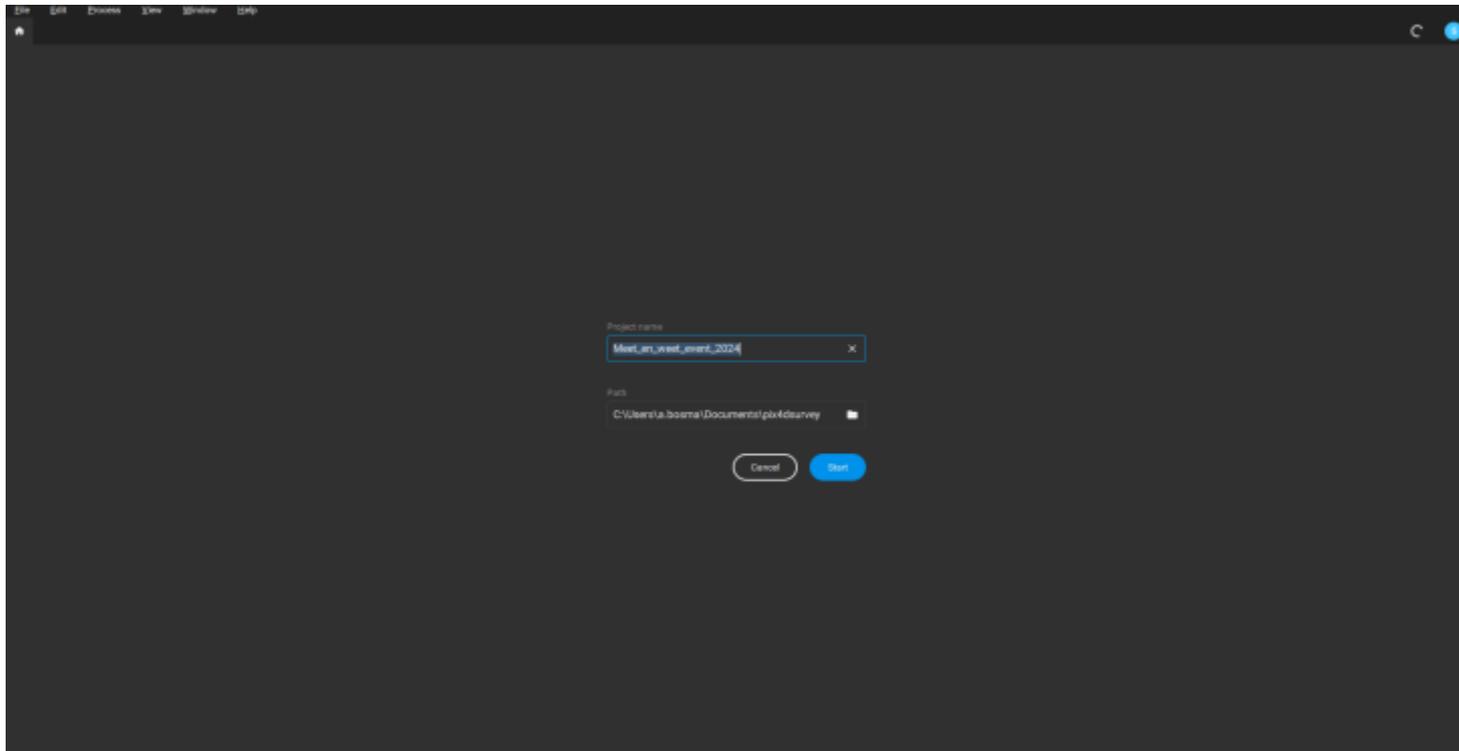
Object detection in Pix4Dmatic



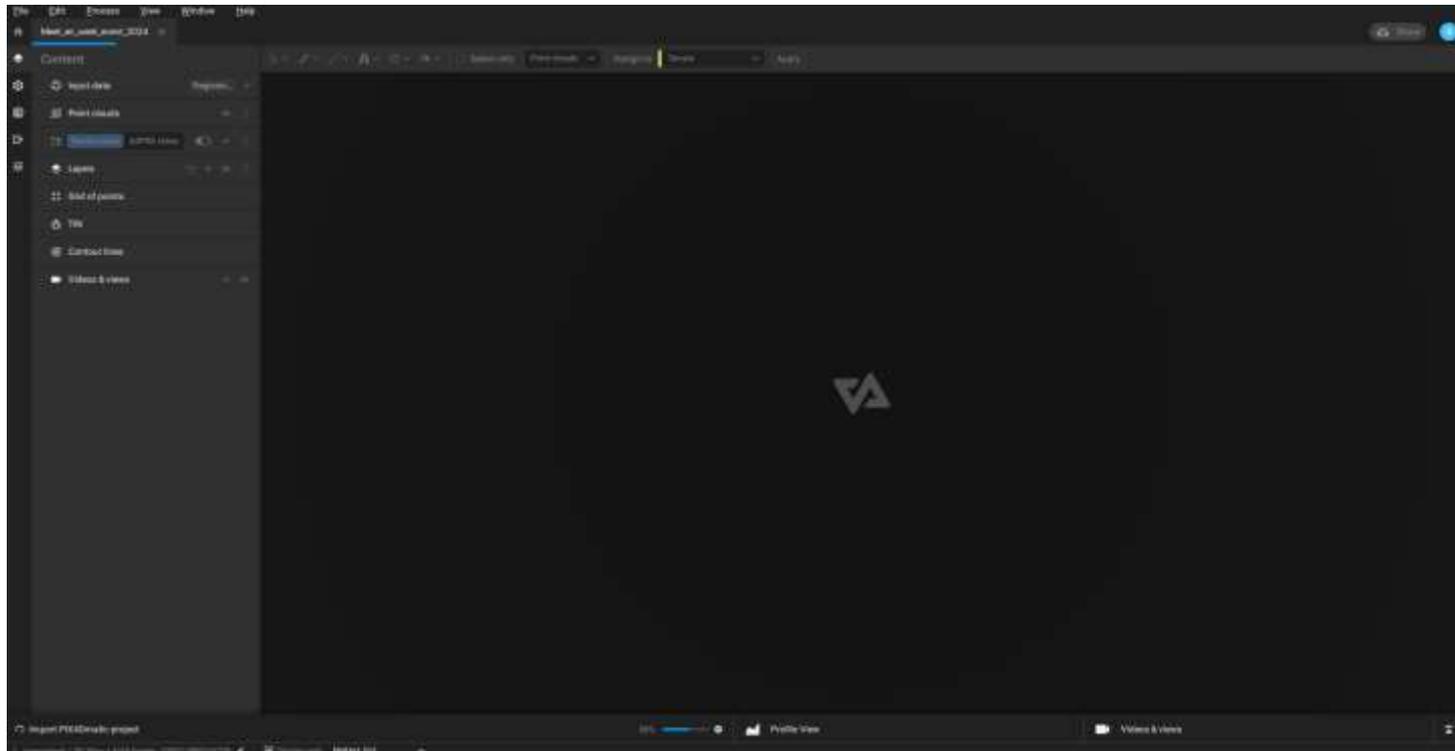
The screenshot displays the Pix4Dmatic software interface. The main window shows a 3D point cloud model of a parking lot with a red bounding box around a car and a blue circle around a trash can. The interface includes a sidebar with various filters and a data table at the bottom.

| Layer ID | Type | Model ID | Geometry ID | Marking ID | Address ID | Area (m ²) | Volume (m ³) | Perimeter (m) | Position (m) | Height (m) | Volume (m ³) | Position (m) |
|----------|------|----------|-------------|------------|------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| 1001 | OCF | - | 120602.291 | 407612.848 | -1.366 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.000 | 0.000 | -0.013 | |
| 1002 | OCF | - | 120610.261 | 407645.048 | -1.590 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| 1003 | OCF | - | 120599.841 | 407617.199 | -1.270 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.000 | -0.010 | -0.006 | |
| 1004 | OCF | - | 120664.259 | 407617.221 | -1.711 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | -0.006 | -0.008 | 0.000 | |
| 1005 | OCF | - | 120683.738 | 407689.716 | -1.704 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.4 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.000 | |

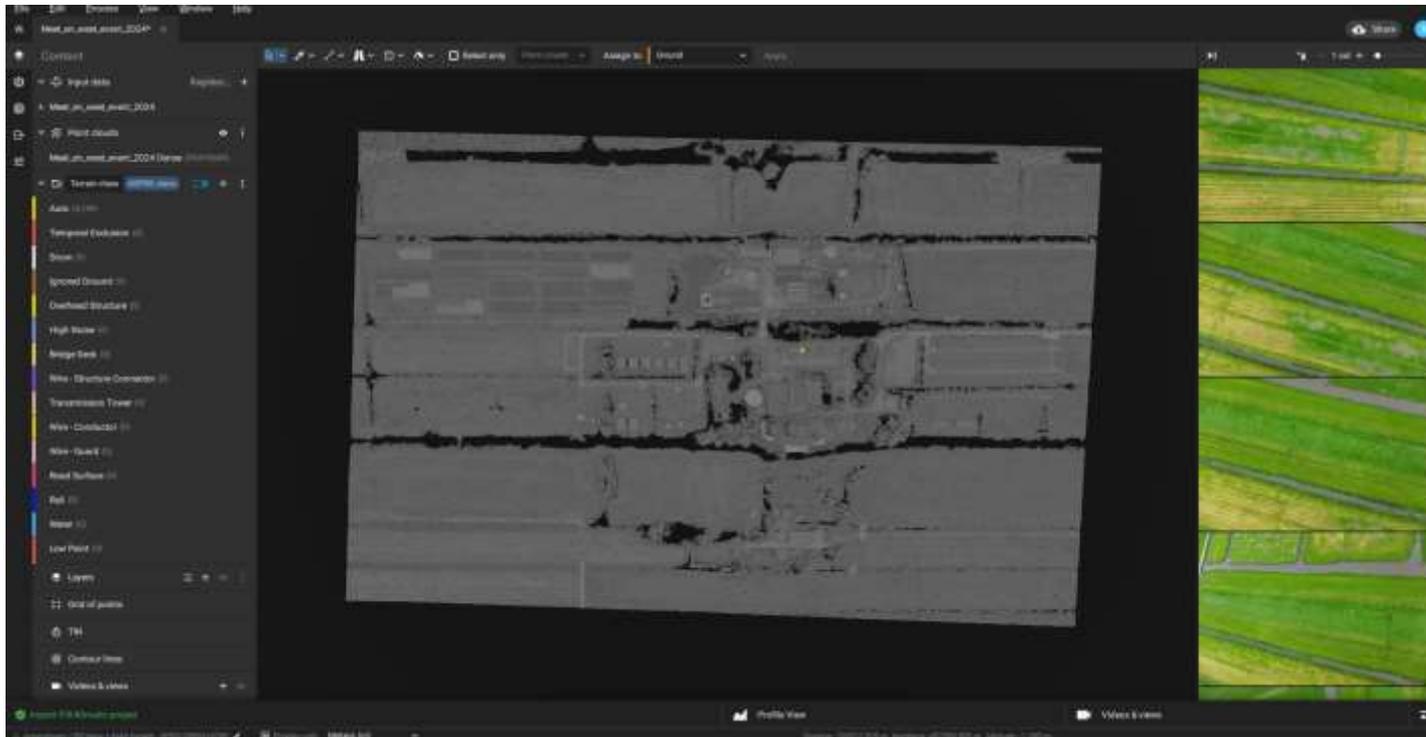
Object detection in Pix4Dsurvey



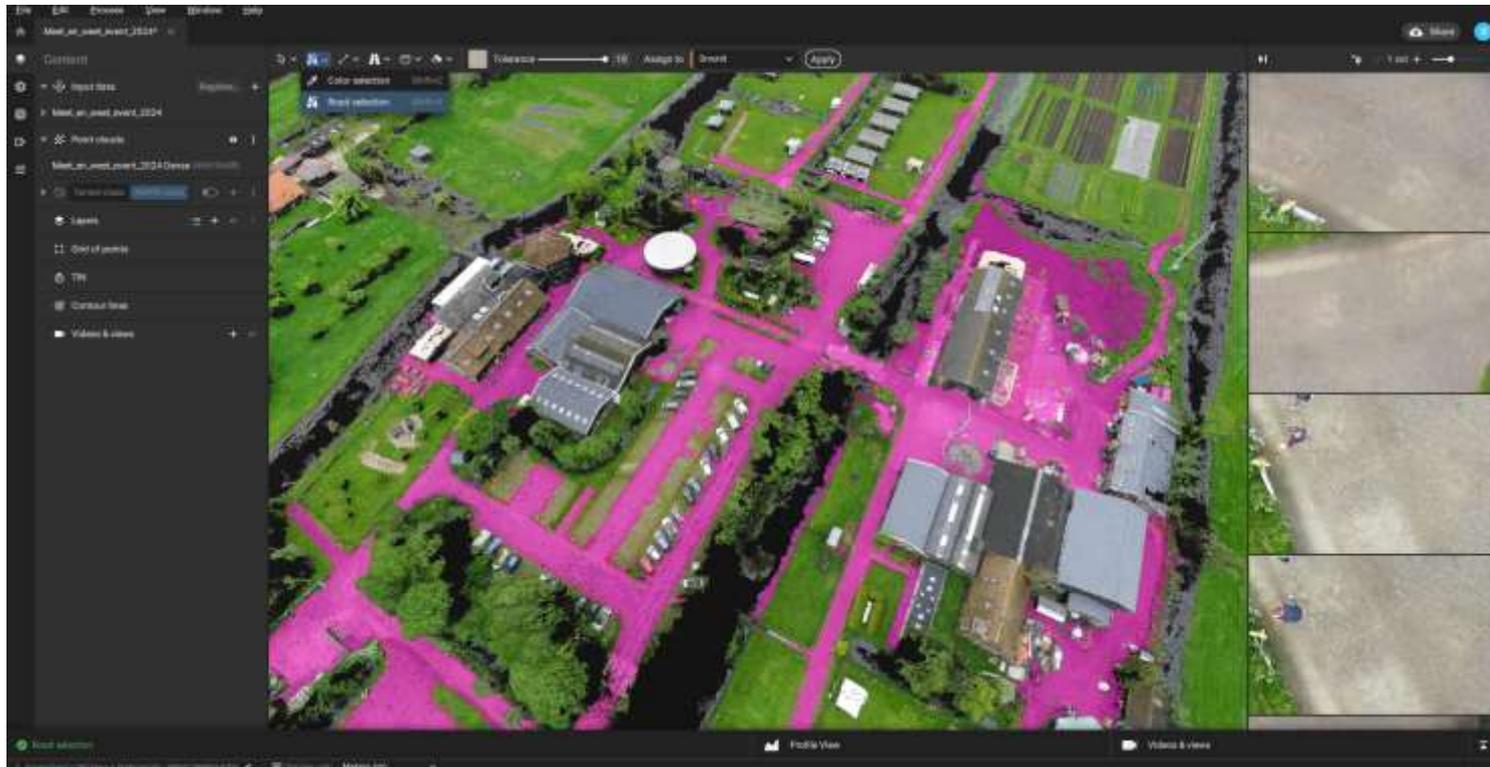
Object detection in Pix4Dsurvey



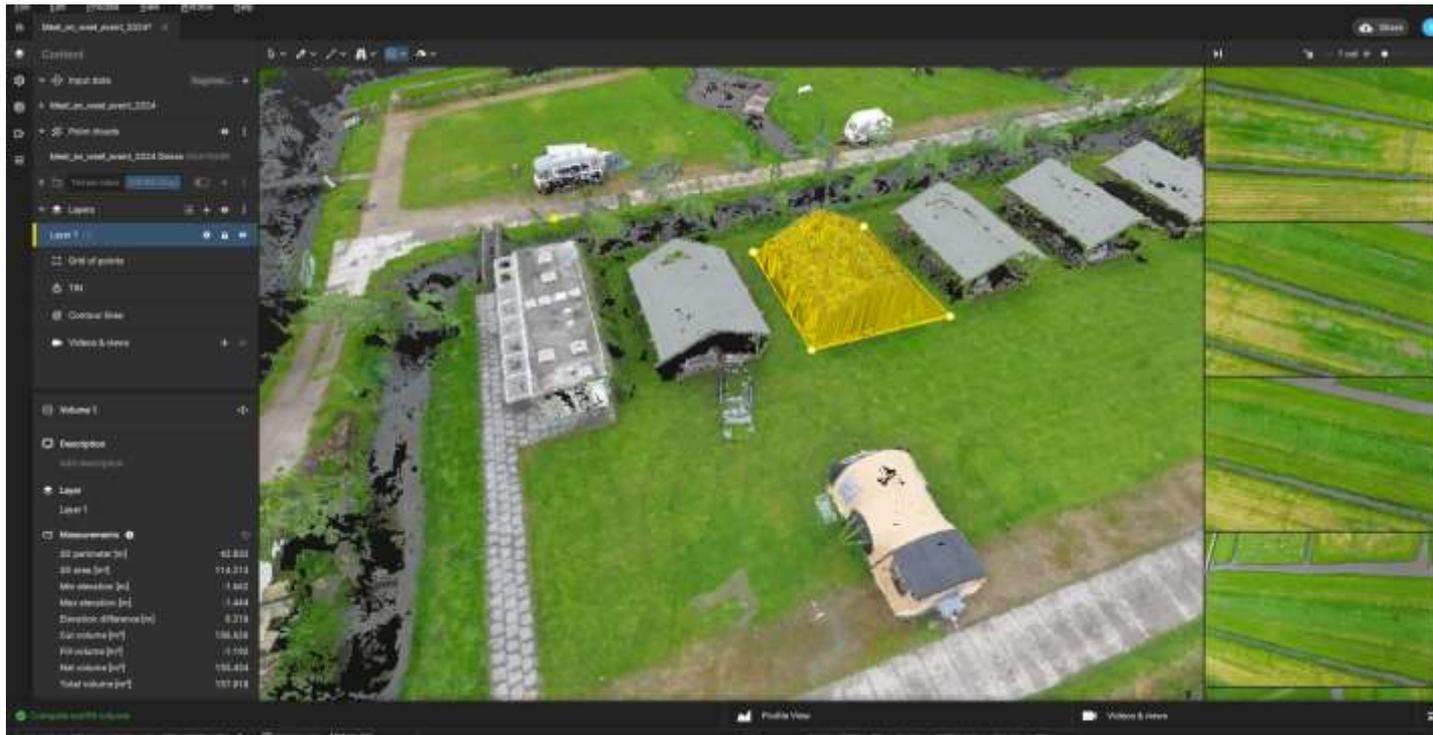
Object detection in Pix4Dsurvey



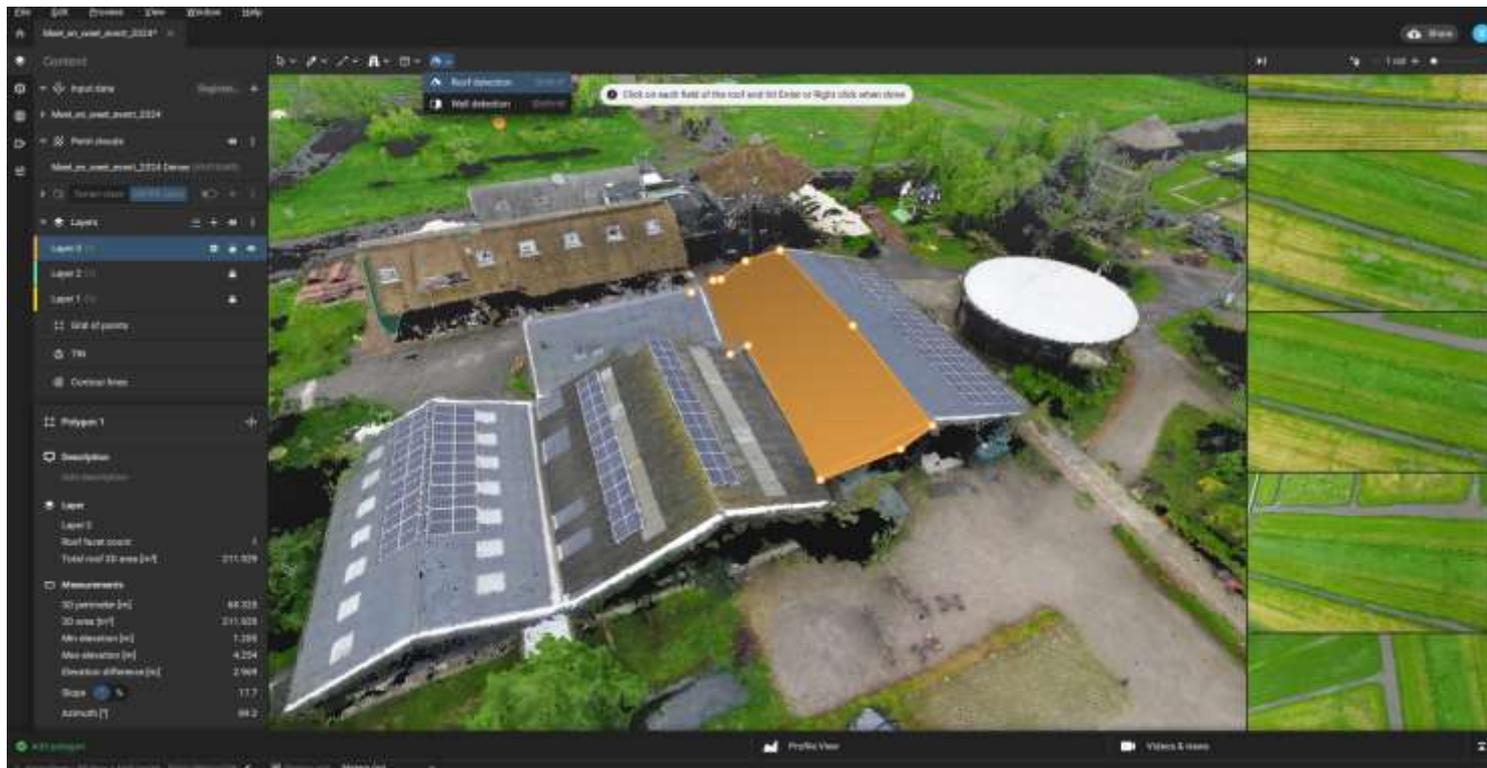
'Road selection' in Pix4Dsurvey



‘Road selection’ in Pix4Dsurvey



'Roof detection' in Pix4Dsurvey



Bedankt voor uw aandacht

Vragen?

